



بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

By Allah's name *Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)*

1. *Alif-Lam-Meem*¹

2. Allah, no an *elaha* (a deity) except Him, The *Hayyo* (Ever-Living), The *Qayyume*² (Ever-Sustainer).

3. *Nazzala* ([He] repetitively descended) on you⁸ The Book^x by the right, *mussaddeqan*³ (accepter as credible) for what (had been) between its^x both hands^{w4}; and [He] descended The Torah^w and The Euangelion^{x5}.

4. Of before, a divine-guidance^x for the mankind; and [He] descended the Criterion; verily who^r unbelieved they^z by Allah's *Aya'te*^w (Qur'anic statements/ messages) for them (is) a torment severe, and Allah (is) Mighty, revenge possessor.

5. Truly Allah, neither hides on Him a thing in the Earth^w and nor in the Heaven^w.

6. He Who portrays/ fashions you^b in the wombs show [He] wills; no an *elaha* (a deity) except Him, The Mighty The *Hakeem*⁶ (infinite *bekmah*⁷ (wisdom) Possessor).

7. He Who descended on you⁸ The Book^x of it^x *Ayaton*^w (Qur'anic statements) *mubkama'ton*^{w8} (firm/ eternally unchangeable) ^w they^y (are) The Book's^x mother; and others resemblers-she^{ym9}; so as-to whom^r in their hearts (is) a deviancy^x, then *yattabe'o*¹⁰ (they^z closely-follow) what resembled of it^x *ebtegha'a* (earnestly-questing) the *fetna'te*^w (unbelief/ tumult) ^w and *ebtegha'a* its^x *ta'aweele*

الْم
اللَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْحَيُّ الْقَيُّومُ

نَزَلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ بِالْحَقِّ
مُصَدِّقًا لِمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيْهِ وَأَنزَلَ
التَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ

مِن قَبْلُ هُدًى لِّلنَّاسِ وَأَنزَلَ
الْفُرْقَانَ إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بِآيَاتِ
اللَّهِ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ شَدِيدٌ وَاللَّهُ

عَزِيزٌ ذُو انتِقَامٍ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَخْفَىٰ عَلَيْهِ شَيْءٌ فِي
الْأَرْضِ وَلَا فِي السَّمَاءِ

هُوَ الَّذِي يُصَوِّرُكُمْ فِي
الْأَرْحَامِ كَيْفَ يَشَاءُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا
هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ

هُوَ الَّذِي أَنزَلَ عَلَيْكَ الْكِتَابَ
مِنْهُ ءَايَاتٌ مُحْكَمَاتٌ هُنَّ أُمُّ
الْكِتَابِ وَأُخَرُ مُتَشَبِهَاتٌ فَأَمَّا
الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ زَيْغٌ فَيَتَّبِعُونَ مَا
تَشَبَّهَ مِنْهُ ابْتِغَاءَ الْفِتْنَةِ وَابْتِغَاءَ

¹ See the details in the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation.

² The word “الْقَيُّومُ” is one of Allah's most beautiful attributive names meaning: The Ever Sustainer of life and every thing in existence, and that is Allah (SWT)!

³ The word “*mussaddeqan*” is more than an “affirmer,” it is *accepter of the referent as credible*!

⁴ The expression: “between its both hands” is an Arabic tongue expression meaning “before=in front of!”

⁵ The early writings of the founder and designator of Christianity to the various churches referred to the now called “Gospels” as the “Euangelion” (see the *Encyclopedia Britannica*, 15th edition, vol. 14, p. 822). The Greek prefix “eu” means “true” or “good” and denoting “weighty, authoritative, and official message,” and “Angelion” means book. Hence, it is the book that contains true, good, weighty and authoritative messages brought through Jesus from the Lord, God. Later on, the “Euangelion” was changed to become the proclaimed “Gospel.” The Qur'an, the true Word of Allah, refers to the Book given to Jesus as the “Enjeel.” Thus, after the Torah was defiled post Mosa's (Moses') death, through deletions, additions and other alterations, the Enjeel (Euangelion) through Jesus, came to rectify the situation with respect to the Torah!

⁶ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words “الحكيم” and “إحكيم”

⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “*hekmal*”

⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this word Translation for elaboration.

⁹ That is they are allegorical, and impart different meanings over time or to different perceptions! The suffix “-she' m” is for the feminine “إِ”

¹⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the distinction between “تَبِعَ”= followed and “اتَّبَعَ”= closely-followed!

(ultimate: construing/explanation); and not knows its^x *ta'aweela* (= *ta'aweela*) except Allah and the *ra'sekboona*¹¹ (firmly and profoundly established-ones) in the erudition-/knowledge say they^z: we believed by it^x; each (*is*) from *ende* (springing from the munificence of/by Rule of) our Lord; and not *yadhdhakaro* (repetitively-remisce) except the *alba'be's*^{*12} (hearts-intellects)'s possessors.

8. (O), our Lord: let-not [You^s] swerve our hearts after when divinely-guided us [You^s]; and let-grant for us [You^s] from *ladon*¹³ (directly and possessively from) You^s a mercy^w; verily You^s You^s (are) The *Wahhabo* (iterative-Granter).

9. O, our Lord: verily You^s (are) the mankind's Gatherer for a day^x no suspicion^x (*is*) in it^x; verily Allah not unfulfills the appointment.

10. Verily who^r unbelieved they^z never enrich¹⁴ *a'n*¹⁵ (regarding) them their possessions, and neither their children from Allah a thing; and those, they (are) The Fire's^w fuel¹⁶.

11. As wont/praxis (of) Pharaoh's *aal'e* (family/house-/kin/chiefs/followers) and who^r (were) of before them, they^z denied by Our *Aya'te*^w (messages/signs/proofs) so took them Allah by their offenses; and Allah (*is*) hard/severe (in) the punishment.

12. Let-say [you^s] for whom^r unbelieved they^z, shall (be) worsted you^z and (shall be) thronged you^z to Hell^w and wretched (*is*) the *mehad* (bed/resting place/cradle/-fixed expanse).

13. *Qad* (already and affirmatively) was for you^b an *Ayaton*^w (message/sign/proof) in *fe'a'tay'ne*^w (two: bands/military detachments/groups)^w both (of) them met; a *fe'aton*^w (band/military detachments/group)^w mutually fights in Allah's path while another^{w17} unbeliever^w; they^z see them twice their-like, the eye's seeing; and Allah supports¹⁸ by His succor whom^p [He] wills; verily in *tha'leka* (afar-that-it)^x surely (*is*) an *aebatan* (instructive parable/example) for the *abssa're* (insights-/discernments) possessors.

تَأْوِيلُهُ وَمَا يَعْلَمُ تَأْوِيلَهُ إِلَّا اللَّهُ
وَالرَّاسِخُونَ فِي الْعِلْمِ يَقُولُونَ
ءَامِنًا بِهِ كُلٌّ مِّنْ عِندِ رَبِّنَا وَمَا
يَذْكُرُ إِلَّا أَهْلُ الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿٣٠﴾

رَبَّنَا لَا تَزِغْ قُلُوبَنَا بَعْدَ إِذْ
هَدَيْتَنَا وَهَبْ لَنَا مِن لَّدُنكَ
رَحْمَةً إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ الْوَهَّابُ ﴿٣١﴾

رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ جَامِعُ النَّاسِ لِيَوْمٍ لَا رَيْبَ
فِيهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ ﴿٣٢﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَن تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ
أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ
شَيْئًا وَأُولَئِكَ هُمْ وَقُودُ النَّارِ ﴿٣٣﴾

كَذَابَ آلِ فِرْعَوْنَ وَالَّذِينَ مِنْ
قَبْلِهِمْ كَذَّبُوا بِآيَاتِنَا فَآخَذَهُمُ اللَّهُ
بِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ شَدِيدُ الْعِقَابِ ﴿٣٤﴾

قُلْ لِلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا سَتُغْلَبُونَ
وَتُخْشَرُونَ إِلَىٰ جَهَنَّمَ وَبِئْسَ
الْمِهَادُ ﴿٣٥﴾

قَدْ كَانَ لَكُمْ ءَايَةٌ فِي فِئَتَيْنِ
الَّتَقَاتَا فِئَةٌ تَقْتُلُ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَأُخْرَىٰ كَافِرَةٌ يَرَوْنَهُم مِّثْلِهِمْ
رَأَىٰ الْعَيْنُ وَاللَّهُ يُؤَيِّدُ بِنَصَرِهِ
مَنْ يَشَاءُ إِنَّ فِي ذَٰلِكَ لَعِبْرَةً
لِّأُولِي الْأَبْصَارِ ﴿٣٦﴾

¹¹ The word "*ra'sekboona*" is a subjective, masculine, plural noun for which there is no English equivalent, meaning: *be-they* that are *firmly and profoundly established people*!

¹² See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for The Qur'an's characterizations of "ذو الألباب" = the *albab's* possessors!

¹³ The word "لَدُنْ" is closer than "عِنْدَ" as you can say: "عِنْدِي مَالٌ وَ الْمَالُ لَيْسَ بِقَبْضَتِكَ الْآنَ" thus, "لَدُنْ" which is *closer spatially and more specific*! So, "*directly and possessively*" seems to indicate such closeness! See *اللسان*!

¹⁴ The word "تُغْنِي" has double meanings: (1) *enriches*, (2) *suffices*! But "*enriches*" includes suffice and *not vice versa*! As "*enriches*" makes rich or richer, makes fuller, more meaningful, or more rewarding whereas "*suffices*" meets the present needs of a specific task or requirement! Hence "*enriches*" is *superior*!

¹⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!

¹⁶ The word "الوقود، بفتح الواو" is primarily *firewood*, but also it could mean *any fuel*! See *اللسان*!

¹⁷ The word "أُخْرَى" is *feminine, singular noun*, hence: "*another*!" So, *unbeliever* is *superscripted*!

¹⁸ The word "يُؤَيِّدُ" comes from the "أَيَّدَ" which is that "(divine) Might," as in the *Ayah*: "And the Heaven We built it by (divine) Might" (S51: 47), a kind of "Might" which Allah *alone* possesses!

14. (*Had been*) adorned for the mankind love (*of*) the (*carnal*) desires^w: [*of*]¹⁹ the women, and the sons, and the heaps (*of*) the heaped-up of [*the*] gold and [*the*] silver, and [*the*] horses^w the *musawwama'te* (*marked/ imprinted*), and the *an'aa'me*²⁰ (*cattle/ sheep/ goats/ and camels*)^w and the *bartha* (*tillage/ cultivation*); *tha'leka* (*afar-that-it*)^x (*is*) a *mata'ao*²¹ (*resource for transitory worldly delights*) (*of*) the life^w (*of*) the world^w; and Allah has *husno*²² (*ultimately meritorious beauty*) the *ma'aabe*²³ (*willful-return*).

15. Let-say [*you*]: shall *ouna'bbe'okom* (*[I] inform you^b by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news*) by *kbayren* (*choicer/ superior/ worthier*) than *tha'lekum* (*collective-afar-that*); for whom^r *ettaqaw* (*they who had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah*) *enda* (*by munificence of/ by Rule of*) their Lord gardens^w run^w from under it^w the rivers, immortals they^z (*are*) in it^w; and spouses (*wives*) *muttabharaton* (*they^y having been purged*); and a *redhwanon* (*ultimate-gratification*) from Allah; and Allah (*is*) *Basseeron* (*keen: Seer/-comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences*) by the *eba'de* (*worshippers/ submitters/ slaves*).

16. Who^r say they^z: (O), our Lord verily we, we believed, so Let [*You*] forgive for us our offenses and let-*[You]* preclude us (*from*) The Fire's^w torment.

17. The *ssabereena* (*people of patience*) and the *ssadeqeena* (*always-truth-enforcers*), and the *qa'neteena* (*they who are: devotedly obeyers/ submitters*), and the he-expenders, and the *mustaghfereena* (*forgiveness he-seekers*) by the *as'ba're* (*dawns' ere*).

18. Witnessed/ testified Allah that no an *elaha* (*a deity*) except Him, and the angels and possessors (*of*) the erudition/ knowledge, *Qa'eman*²⁴ (*constantly-Stander/ Maintainer [He]*) by the *qeste*²⁵ (*absolute justice post removal of injustice*); no an *elaha* (*a deity*) except Him, The Mighty The *Hakeemo*²⁶ (*infinite bekamah Possessor*).

19. Verily the religion *enda* (*by: Rule/ Dicta/ Munificence*) (*of*) Allah (*is*) [*the*] Islam; and not differed who^r *oto* (*had been given/ accorded they^r*) the book except from

زَيْنَ النَّاسِ حُبُّ الشَّهَوَاتِ
مِنْ النِّسَاءِ وَالْبَنِينَ وَالْقَنَاطِيرِ
الْمَقْنُطَرَةِ مِنْ الذَّهَبِ
وَالْفِضَّةِ وَالْخَيْلِ الْمُسَوَّمَةِ
وَالْأَنْعَامِ وَالْحَرْثِ ذَلِكَ مَتْنُ
الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ
حُسْنُ الْمَقَابِلِ ﴿١٤﴾

قُلْ أُوْنِبْتُكُمْ بِخَيْرٍ مِّنْ ذٰلِكُمْ
لِلَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ جَنَّاتٌ
تَجْرٰى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَأَزْوَاجٌ مُّطَهَّرَةٌ
وَرِضْوَانٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ
بَصِيرٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿١٥﴾

الَّذِينَ يَقُولُونَ رَبَّنَا إِنَّنَا آمَنَّا
فَاغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَقِنَا عَذَابَ
النَّارِ ﴿١٦﴾

الصَّابِرِينَ وَالصَّادِقِينَ
وَالْقَنِينَ وَالْمُنْفِقِينَ
وَالْمُسْتَغْفِرِينَ بِالْأَسْحَارِ ﴿١٧﴾
شَهِدَ اللَّهُ أَنَّهُ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ
وَالْمَلٰٓئِكَةُ وَأَوَّلُوا الْعِلْمِ قَآئِمًا
بِالْقِسْطِ لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ الْعَزِيزُ
الْحَكِيمُ ﴿١٨﴾

إِنَّ الدِّينَ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ الْإِسْلَامُ
وَمَا اخْتَلَفَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

¹⁹ That is *for*, but "of" is more descriptive as "of" indicates "selectiveness" versus "for" suggests "entireness!"

²⁰ The word "the *an'am*" = "الأنعام" or "na'am" "تعم" means those animals that have cloven hoof (foot) and an udder, such as the camel, the cow, the sheep, the goat, etc. In Arabic: "كل ذي خلف و ظلف" = cattle, sheep, goats, and camels!

²¹ The word "متاع" = "mata'ao" is rooted in the word "مَتَعَ" with many meanings, among them: a resource for transitory worldly delight! See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for elaboration!

²² Some linguists suggest that الحسن is for the face while الجمال is for the parts of the body and other things! See الهادي

²³ The word "المآب" has several meanings, such as: (1) return to the place of abode, (2) return to the source of authority (such as Allah, SWT) by way of repenting, all applying for entities with will! So it's a willful-return! See الراغب!

²⁴ The word "قائمًا" is an adverbial construct; see إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي! For lack of a better word in English to depict this adverbial sense the word "constantly" was prefixed to "Maintainer!" I chose "Maintainer" in its sense of "keeping in state of constant efficiency and validity," a state doable by Allah only!

²⁵ The word "القسط" is not just "justice" = "العدل." Thus, "القسط" is absolute justice post removal of the injustice. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the difference between "القسط" and "العدل"!

²⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم" and "إحكيمة"

after what came (to) them the erudition/knowledge, *baghyyan* (selfish excessiveness/ transgression) among them; and whoever [he] unbelieves by Allah's *Aya'te^w* (messages/signs/proofs) then verily Allah (is) swift (in) the reckoning.

20. So *en(if)* mutually they^z argued you^s then let-say [you^s]: *aslamto* (I consigned) my face (i.e. entity) for Allah, and who^p *ettaba'an*²⁷ ([he] who closely followed me); and let-say [you^s] for whom^p *oto* (they^z had been accorded) the book, and the *ommeyeena*²⁸ (they who are unlettered/ the Arabs): *a'aslamtom* (have you^s become Muslims); so *en(if)* *aslamo* (they^s became Muslims), then *Qad* (already and affirmatively) *ihtadaw* (they^s found and accepted the divine-guidance); and if they^z diverted, then verily only on you^s (is) the announcement, and Allah (is) *Basseeron* (keen: Seer-/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences) by the *eba'de* (worshippers/ submitters/ slaves).

21. Verily who^r they^z unbelieve by Allah's *Aya'te^w* (messages-/signs/proofs) and they^z kill²⁹ the prophets by other than a right, and they^z kill whom^p command they^z by the *qeste* (absolute justice post removal of injustice) of the mankind, so *bashsher*³⁰ (let-tell you^s pleasant tidings to) them, by a painful torment.

22. Those who^r (*bad*) miscarried^w their works^w in the world^w and the Hereafter^w; and not for them of succorers.

23. Have not [you^s] seen to whom^r *oto* (they^z had been allotted/ accorded) a lot of the book, they^z (are being) invited to Allah's Book, to rule among them, afterwards, diverts a team of them, while they (are) shunners.

24. *Tha'leka* (*afar-that-it*)^x (is) because verily they said: never touches/betides us The Fire^w except days *ma'adoda'ten^w* (a few/ countables)^w and beguiled them in their religion what they^z were *yafstarona* (they^z craft a lie for fraudulent end).

25. So how *edha*³¹ (*when*) We gathered them for a day^x no suspicion (is) in it^x and (*had been*) fulfilled-she^{y32} every self^w what earned-she^y while they (are) not *yodh'lamoona*³³ (to be wronged they^z).

إِلَّا مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْعِلْمُ بَغْيًا
بَيْنَهُمْ وَمَنْ يَكْفُرْ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ ﴿٢٠﴾

فَإِنْ حَاجُّوكَ فَقُلْ أَسْلَمْتُ وَجْهِيَ
لِلَّهِ وَمَنْ أَتَّبَعْنِ وَقُلْ لِلَّذِينَ أُوتُوا
الْكِتَابَ وَالْأُمِّيِّينَ أَسْلَمْتُمْ فَإِنْ
أَسْلَمُوا فَقَدْ اهْتَدَوْا وَإِنْ
تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّمَا عَلَيْكَ الْبَلْغُ وَاللَّهُ
بَصِيرٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿٢١﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ
وَيَقْتُلُونَ النَّبِيِّينَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ
وَيَقْتُلُونَ الَّذِينَ يَأْمُرُونَ
بِالْقِسْطِ مِنَ النَّاسِ فَبَشِّرْهُمْ
بِعَذَابٍ أَلِيمٍ ﴿٢٢﴾

أُولَئِكَ الَّذِينَ حَبِطَتْ أَعْمَلُهُمْ
فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ
نَاصِرِينَ ﴿٢٣﴾

أَلَمْ تَرَ إِلَى الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا نَصِيبًا
مِّنَ الْكِتَابِ يُدْعَوْنَ إِلَى كِتَابِ
اللَّهِ لِيَحْكُمَ بَيْنَهُمْ ثُمَّ يَتَوَلَّى
فَرِيقٌ مِّنْهُمْ وَهُمْ مُّعْرِضُونَ ﴿٢٤﴾

ذَٰلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ قَالُوا لَنْ تَمَسَّنَا
النَّارُ إِلَّا أَيَّامًا مَّعْدُودَاتٍ
وَعَرَّهْمُ فِي دِينِهِمْ مَا كَانُوا
يَفْتُرُونَ ﴿٢٥﴾

فَكَيْفَ إِذَا جُمِعْتُمْ لِيَوْمٍ لَا
رَيْبَ فِيهِ وَوُفِّيَتْ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَا
كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿٢٦﴾



²⁷ The word "closely" is used to intensify the word "follow," as the Arabic is "اتَّبَعَ" not "اتَّبَعَ"

²⁸ The word "أُمِّيِّينَ" (referring to the Arabs) is the plural for "أُمِّي" = "unlettered." In English "unlettered" is an adjective, so no plural for it! So I resorted to transliteration and parenthetical explanation! Also the "أُمِّيِّينَ" could mean the Gentiles!

²⁹ The word "kill" here is used in the present/future tense is, and Allah knows best, an epithet for them characterizing them as killers of the prophets at all times! (Reader must bear in mind prophet vis-à-vis messenger!)

³⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for *bashshara/youbashsharo/mubashsheron* = إبشّر / يبشّر / أمبشّر

³¹ This "إِذَا" is not a conditional article, See *الدر المصون* لـت أحمد الحلبي، *اعراب القرآن*، لـ محمود صافي، *معنى اللبيب*

³² The word "وُفِّيَتْ" from "الوفاء" = "التمام" meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! Thus, "وُفِّيَتْ" means had been endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation and fulfilled it!

³³ The word "wrongs" has myriads of meanings, among them: curtails or diminishes, as in this *Ayah*!

26. Let-say [you^s]: *Allabumma*³⁴ (O, Allah) Owner (of) The proprietorship^x; to'atey ([You^s] accord/give) the proprietorship^x for whom^p [You^s] will and [You^s] wrest The proprietorship^x from whom^p [You^s] will; and [You^s] aggrandize/dignify whom^p [You^s] will and [You^s] humiliate whom^p [You^s] will; by Your^t Hand³⁵ (is) the *khayro* (mercy/revelation/goodness/worthiness/possession/provision/power/rain); verily You^s (are) over every thing (is) Omnipotent.

27. [You^s] transpierce the night in the day; and [You^s] transpierce the day in the night; and *tokbrejo* ([You^s] emerge/produce) the *hayya* (living/alive) from the *mayye'te*³⁶ (eventually dying entity) and *tokbrejo* the *mayye'te* from the *hayya*; and *tar'zeqo* ([You^s] grant provisions/victuals for sustenance to) whom^p [You^s] will by other than a count.

28. Let-not *yattakhethee*³⁷ (they^z take and make) the believers the unbelievers *anle'ya*³⁸ (allies/guardians) of without/- lesser than³⁹ the believers; and whoever [he] does *tha'leka* (afar-that-it)^x then (that is) not of Allah in a thing, except that *tattaqo* (you^z reverentially guard not to displease Allah) from them a *toqattan*^w (a circumspective precaution)^w; and *yuhadhdherokum* (cautions you^b) Allah *Nafsabo*⁴⁰ (Hisself, i.e. His retribution), and to Allah (is) the destiny.

29. Let-say [you^s]: *en* (if) you^z hide what (is) in yourⁿ chests or you^z disclose/flash it^x Allah knows it^x and [He] knows what (are) in the Heavens^w and what (are) in the Earth^w; and Allah over every thing (is) Omnipotent.

30. Day finds each self^w what worked-she^y of *khayren*^x (goodness/desirables/provision/worship)^x *mubdharan*⁴¹ (that which was presented/produced predeterminedly vis-à-vis time and place); and what worked-she^y of an ill^x [it^w] longs⁴² if that (were) between it^w⁴³ and between [it^x]⁴⁴ an

قُلِ اللَّهُمَّ مَلِكُ الْمَلِكِ تُؤْتِي
الْمَلِكُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَتَنْزِعُ الْمَلِكُ
مِمَّنْ تَشَاءُ وَتُعِزُّ مَنْ تَشَاءُ وَتُذِلُّ
مَنْ تَشَاءُ بِيَدِكَ الْخَيْرُ إِنَّكَ عَلَى
كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٢٦﴾

تَوَلِّجُ أَلِيلَ فِي النَّهَارِ وَتَوَلِّجُ
النَّهَارَ فِي أَلِيلٍ وَتُخْرِجُ الْحَيَّ
مِنَ الْمَيِّتِ وَتُخْرِجُ الْمَيِّتَ مِنَ
الْحَيِّ وَتَرْزُقُ مَنْ تَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ
حِسَابٍ ﴿٢٧﴾

لَا يَتَّخِذُ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ الْكَافِرِينَ
أَوْلِيَاءَ مِنْ دُونِ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَمَنْ
يَفْعَلْ ذَلِكَ فَلَيْسَ مِنَ اللَّهِ فِي
شَيْءٍ إِلَّا أَنْ تَتَّقُوا مِنْهُمْ تُقَنَّةً
وَيُحَذِّرُكُمْ اللَّهُ نَفْسَهُ وَإِلَى
اللَّهِ الْمَصِيرُ ﴿٢٨﴾

قُلْ إِنْ تُخْفُوا مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ
أَوْ تُبْدُوهُ يَعْلَمَهُ اللَّهُ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا فِي
السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ وَاللَّهُ
عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿٢٩﴾

يَوْمَ تَجِدُ كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَا عَمِلَتْ
مِنْ خَيْرٍ مُحْضَرًا وَمَا عَمِلَتْ مِنْ
سُوءٍ تَوَدُّ لَوْ أَنَّ بَيْنَهَا وَبَيْنَهُ

³⁴ The expression “اللهم”= “يا الله” means a call of invoking/supplicating/beseeching Allah!

³⁵ Some say that the “hands” are symbols of divine Might! What must be remembered is that none in existence like Allah, so there is no-way to compare Allah's "Hands" with anything!

³⁶ The word “mayye'te” is commonly confused with “may'te,” has no exact English equivalent per se! So, “mayye'te” is best approximated by an entity that will be eventually-dying, whereas “may'te,”= “ميت” with a sokoon on the “ي” means “dead”! The Qur'an is 100% consistent in this regards!

³⁷ The word “يَتَّخِذُ” from “الِاتِّخَاذُ” which is “اِفْتَعَالُ” for “الِاتِّخَاذُ,” as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “يَتَّخِذُ” is always taking and presuming some thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

³⁸ The word “أَوْلِيَاءَ” could also mean: friends, protectors, allies!

³⁹ That is besides or in preference to the believers!

⁴⁰ That is His retribution if you^f violate His Criteria of established Sabreyah maxims!

⁴¹ The word “mubdharan”= “مُحْضَرًا” is passive objective noun rooted in the past tense verb of “حَضَرَ,” So “مُحْضَرًا” means: presented predeterminedly vis-à-vis time and place), such as the student in a classroom!

⁴² The word “تَوَدُّ” means having an earnest desire for some thing beyond reach, i.e. it cannot materialize in life, but surely will materialize in the Hereafter!

⁴³ This “it^w” refers to the “النفس” (the self^w), in Arabic a feminine gender, so its^w reference must be feminized!

⁴⁴ This “it^x” refers to “السوء,” the ill, in Arabic a masculine gender, so its^x reference must be made masculine!

amadan⁴⁵ (term-limit end) afar; and youbadhdero-kum (cautions you^b) Allah Nafsabo⁴⁶ (Himself, i.e. His retribution), and Allah (is) Ra'oof⁴⁷ (iteratively Forbearer/Clement) by the eba'de (worshippers/ submitters/ slaves).

31. Let-say [you^f]: en (if) were you^c loving Allah then ettabe'oney⁴⁸ (let-you^f closely-follow me) (then) Allah (shall) love you^b and [He] forgives for you^b yourⁿ offenses; and Allah (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver) Rabeemon (iterative mercy Giver).

32. Let-say [you^f]: let-obey you^z Allah and the messenger; then en (if) they^z diverted, then verily Allah loves not the unbelievers.

33. Verily Allah estafa⁴⁹ (superlatively and exclusively selected) Adam and Noohan (Noah) and aala⁵⁰ (family/ house/ kin/ chiefs/ followers) Ebraheema (Abraham), and aala Imrana over the worlds.

34. A progeny^w some (of) it^w of some; and Allah (is) Sa'meeon⁵¹ (Acute-Hearer/ Enabler of others to hear/ favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient.

35. Edb (when) said-she^y Imran's woman/ wife: my Lord, verily I vowed for You^g what (is) in my belly, votary⁵²; so taqabbal⁵³ (let-clemently accept [Your^f]) from me, verily You^g, You^s (are) The Sa'meeo⁵⁴ (The Acute-Hearer/ The Enabler of others to hear/ favorable Answerer to prayer), The Omniscient.

36. Then lamma (when/ whence) delivered-she^y her, said she^y: my Lord, verily I delivered her a female; and Allah (is) knowinger by what delivered-she^y; and not the male (is) like the female; and that I named her Maryama (Mary); and verily I refuge her by You^g and her offsprings (too) from the Satan, the ra'jeeme

أَمَدًا بَعِيدًا وَيُحَذِّرُكُمُ اللَّهُ
نَفْسَهُ وَاللَّهُ رَءُوفٌ بِالْعِبَادِ ﴿٣١﴾

قُلْ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تُحِبُّونَ اللَّهَ فَاتَّبِعُونِي
يُحِبِّكُمْ اللَّهُ وَيَغْفِرْ لَكُمْ ذُنُوبَكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ ﴿٣٢﴾

قُلْ أَطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ فَإِنْ
تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُحِبُّ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿٣٣﴾

إِنَّ اللَّهَ اصْطَفَىٰ آدَمَ وَنُوحًا
وَأَبْرَاهِيمَ وَأَيُّهَا عِمْرَانَ عَلَى
الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٣٤﴾

ذُرِّيَّةً بَعْضُهَا مِنْ بَعْضٍ وَاللَّهُ
سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٣٥﴾

إِذْ قَالَتِ امْرَأَتُ عِمْرَانَ رَبِّ إِنِّي
نَذَرْتُ لَكَ مَا فِي بَطْنِي مُحَرَّرًا
فَتَقَبَّلْ مِنِّي إِنَّكَ أَنْتَ السَّمِيعُ
الْعَلِيمُ ﴿٣٦﴾

فَلَمَّا وَضَعَتْهَا قَالَتْ رَبِّ إِنِّي
وَضَعْتُهَا أُنْثَىٰ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا
وَضَعْتُ وَلَيْسَ الذَّكَرُ كَالْأُنْثَىٰ
وَإِنِّي سَمَّيْتُهَا مَرْيَمَ وَإِنِّي أُعِيذُهَا بِكَ

⁴⁵ The word “الأمَد” = “نهاية الأجل” i.e. the term-limit end! See اللسان!

⁴⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding “Nafsabo!”

⁴⁷ The word “رؤوف” of “الرافة” which is more intensive than “الرحمة” as “الرحمة”=“mercy,” which is kindness imparting delight to its recipient; while “الرافة” is in addition to “الرحمة” it involves protecting against any possible undesirable happening to the recipient, i.e. clemency. Hence, “الرافة” is a protective-mercy=clemency. And “رؤوف” is multitudinous protective mercy Doer or multitudinously clement. See اللسان!

⁴⁸ The word “closely” is used to intensify the word “follow,” as the Arabic is “اتَّبِعُوا” not “اتبعوا”

⁴⁹ The word “اصطفى” means: selected the best from among other similars! The word is a transitive verb by (a) itself or (b) with the prepositional letter “على”! In the case of (a) it could include more than a single element! In the case of (b) it means it is exclusivity, of “الاصطفاء,” that is “الاصطفاء” is exclusively for a single element! See the Lexicon to this Translation for elaboration and specific examples!

⁵⁰ The word “آل” has many meanings, among them: (1) the family of a person, i.e. wife and children, (2), the chiefs of a family (3) the followers of a certain leaders! (4) The distant indistinguishable human apparition! It is also used to ennoble and dignify!

⁵¹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word the “Same'o”= “المُسمع”

⁵² The word “muharraran”= “محرراً” is an objective, masculine singular noun, meaning: he who is individualized or specified and made to worship or be in the service of the house of worship. In English like votary!

⁵³ The word used in The Qur'an is “تقبل,” not “إقبل”=accept. Thus, “تقبل” means accept with clemency or mercifulness, as whatever that was being offered by the doer, who is beseeching Allah to accept it, may not be fully worthy of Allah's acceptance; or the work itself is somewhat deficient, not perfect and complete! So, Allah is besought to accept it as is, with the already known shortcomings it may have therein! So Allah accepts it by His clemency! So, تقبل= [Your] clemently accept!

⁵⁴ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word the “Same'o”= “المُسمع”

(he-who is ever multitudinously stoned/cursed).

37. So *taqabbala*⁵⁵ (clemently accepted) her, her Lord by an acceptance *hasanan* (ultimate meritorious deed); and sprouted⁵⁶ her [He] a sprouting *hasanan*; and [He] (caused to) sponsor her *Zacharia*; everywhen [he] entered on her the niche⁵⁷ [he] found *enda* (by) her a *rez'qan*^x (provision/victual)^x; said [he]: O, *Maryamo* (Mary) wherefrom⁵⁸ for you^y this; said she^y: it^x (is) from *ende* (by munificence of/by Rule of) Allah; verily Allah *yarẓoqo* (grants provisions/victuals) whom^p [He] wills by other than a count.

38. Afar-there⁵⁹ prayed (to) /invoked *Zacharia* his Lord, said [he]: my Lord let-grant [You^s] for me from *ladon*⁶⁰ (directly and possessively from) You^s a good^w progeny⁶¹; verily You^s (are) *Sa'meed*⁶² (Acute-Hearer-/favorable Answerer to) the prayer/invocation.

39. So [called-she^y] him the angels^{x63} while he (was) standing/stander praying in the niche: verily Allah *youbashshero*⁶⁴ (tells pleasant tidings to) you^s by *Yahya* (John), *mussaddeqan*⁶⁵ (accepter as credible) by a word⁶⁶ of Allah, and a master/forbearer, and *hassoran*⁶⁷ (chastely abstainer) and a prophet of the *ssa'lebeena* (righteous-people).

40. Said [he]: my Lord/lord⁶⁸ wherefrom⁶⁹ (to) be for me a *gholamon*⁷⁰ (boy) while *qad* (already and affirmatively) attained me the agedness/elderliness and my woman-/wife (is) a barren/sterile; said [He/he]: like *tha'leka* (afar-that-it)^x Allah does what [He] wills.

41. Said [he]: my Lord/lord, let-make [You^s]/you^s for me an *Aya'tan*^w (sign)^w; said [He/he]: your^t *Aya'to*^w=

وَذَرَيْتَهَا مِنَ الشَّيْطَانِ الرَّجِيمِ ﴿٦١﴾ فَتَقَبَّلَهَا رَبُّهَا بِقَبُولٍ حَسَنٍ وَأَنْبَتَهَا نَبَاتًا حَسَنًا وَكَفَّلَهَا زَكَرِيَّا كُلَّمَا دَخَلَ عَلَيْهَا زَكَرِيَّا الْمِحْرَابَ وَجَدَ عِنْدَهَا رِزْقًا قَالَ يَمْرِئُ مُنِّي لَكَ هَذَا قَالَ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يَرْزُقُ مَنْ يَشَاءُ بِغَيْرِ حِسَابٍ ﴿٦٢﴾

هَذَاكَ دَعَا زَكَرِيَّا رَبَّهُ قَالَ رَبِّ هَبْ لِي مِنْ لَدُنْكَ ذُرِّيَّةً طَيِّبَةً إِنَّكَ سَمِيعُ الدُّعَاءِ ﴿٦٣﴾

فَنَادَتْهُ الْمَلَائِكَةُ وَهُوَ قَائِمٌ يُصَلِّي فِي الْمِحْرَابِ أَنَّ اللَّهَ يُبَشِّرُكَ بِيَحْيَى مُصَدِّقًا بِكَلِمَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَسَيِّدًا وَحَصُورًا وَنَبِيًّا مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٦٤﴾

قَالَ رَبِّ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي غُلَامٌ وَقَدْ بَلَغَنِيَ الْكِبَرُ وَامْرَأَتِي عَاقِرٌ قَالَ كَذَلِكَ اللَّهُ يَفْعَلُ مَا يَشَاءُ ﴿٦٥﴾ قَالَ رَبِّ اجْعَلْ لِي آيَةً قَالَ

55 In this case, as in this great *Ayah*, Allah clemently or mercifully accepted Mary's rearing!

56 The word "أَنْبَتَهَا", "sprouted her," not only in the sense of *began* her growth but *developed* her, which is yet another meaning of "sprout!"

57 The word "niche" = "مِحْرَاب" named "مِحْرَاب" to worship in it, meaning to wage war ageist the Satan!

58 The word "أَنَّى" is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom, when, how-so, where!

59 In Arabic the words: "هَنا", "هَناكَ", and "هَناكَ" are used respectively for "here" (near), "there" (middle) and "far there (for the furthest)!" Thus, "هَناكَ" implies that *Zacharia's* prayer came later, i.e. not there and then when Mary said: "verily, Allah provides whom He wills without count."

60 The word "لَدُنْ" is closer than "عِنْد" as you can say: "عِنْدِي مَالٌ وَالمَالُ لَيْسَ بِقَبْضَتِكَ الآنَ", thus, "لَدُنْ" which closer spatially and more specific! So, "directly and possessively from" (You) seems to indicate such closeness! See *اللسان*!

61 The word "ذُرِّيَّة" linguistically has double meaning: (1) ancestry or (2) progeny! See *اللسان*! In this context progeny seems to be what applies!

62 See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word the "Same'o" = "المُسمِع"

63 See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the word "المَلَائِكَةُ" although in the plural what is meant is one great angel, that of *Gabriel*. Some time in the Arabic tongue expressions they say: where are the "princes" or the "bosses" when they mean the prince or the boss respectively! Also, since the "المَلَائِكَةُ" = angels, is a "broken plural" in Arabic Grammar, its reference is feminized, hence "called-she" him!

64 See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for *bashashara/youbashsharo/mubashsheron* = يُبَشِّرُ/يُبَشِّرُ/يُبَشِّرُ

65 The word "mussaddeqan" is more than an "affirmer," it is acceptor of the referent as credible!

66 The expression "by word of Allah" means Allah's messenger and prophet *Isa* (Jesus) peace be upon him and his chaste mother, who came into existence by Allah's word: "be" and he became!

67 The word "حَصُورًا" is a subjective noun in the intensive form, meaning he who is abstainer (from sexual activities, while capable of doing it)! That is to say: he who is chastely abstainer!

68 The word "رَبِّ" in "رَبِّ" here could mean: (1) Allah or (2) the Arch Angel, *Gabriel*! See *القرطبي*!

69 The word "أَنَّى" is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom!

70 The word "gholamon" means (1) a male boy, (2) a young mustached boy, (3) a hireling, (4) a servant/slave.

(Aya'tan^w is) that [you^s] speak not (to) the mankind (for) three days, save symbolically⁷¹; and let-remember [you^s] your^t Lord myriadly, and *sabbeh*⁷² (let-say [you^s]: *subhana Allah*) by the *aasheyre*⁷³ (the early part of night) and the *ebka're*⁷⁴ (a little after sun rise until mid-day).

42. And *edh* (when) said-she^y the angels (Arch Angle Gabriele): O, Maryamo (Mary) verily Allah *esstafa*⁷⁵ (superlatively and exclusively selected) you^g and *tabha'ra'ke* ([He] purged you^g) and *esstafa* [He] you^y over the worlds' women.

43. O, Maryamo (Mary): *uq'no'tee* (let-you^r: devotedly-obey/-submit) for your^y Lord and let-kowtow [you^r s] and *erka'ey* (let-markedly bow [you^r s] i.e. head stooping, chest paralleling the ground and both palms leaning on the knees) with the *ra'keyeena* (they who markedly bow i.e. head stooping, chest paralleling the ground and both palms leaning on the knees in the Prayer).

44. *Tha'leka* (that-afar-it/that) (is) of the invisible *an'ba'e*⁷⁶ (significant-and-availing-tidings)^x [We] reveal⁷⁷ it^x to you^g; and you^g were not *laday*⁷⁸ (directly present by) them *edh* (when) throwing they^z their pens (arrows), which (of) them (should) sponsor Maryama (Mary); and you^g were not *laday* them *edh* dispute they^z (as to the sponsorship of her upbringing).

45. *Edb* (when) said-she^y the angels (Arch Angle Gabriele) O, Maryamo (Mary) verily Allah *youbashshero*⁷⁹ (tells pleasant tidings to) you^y s by a word from Him, his name (is): the Messiah *Esa* (Jesus), Maryama's (Mary's) son, notable/prestigious in the world^w and the Hereafter^w and of the *mugarrabeena* (he-who is among the ones brought nighest to Allah).

46. And [he] speaks (to) the mankind in the cradle and *kahlan* (maturely) and of the *ssa'lebeena*⁸⁰ (righteous-people).

47. Said-she^y: my lord (Arch Angle Gabriele) where-from⁸¹ (to) be for me a child⁸² while not *yamsas* (touch/come-

ءَايَتُكَ إِلَّا تُكَلِّمَ النَّاسَ ثَلَاثَةَ

أَيَّامٍ إِلَّا رَمَزًا ۖ وَادَّكَّرَ رَبُّكَ كَثِيرًا

وَسَبِّحْ بِالْعَشِيِّ وَالْإِبْكَارِ ﴿٥١﴾

وَإِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَكَةُ يَمْرَيْمُ إِنَّ

اللَّهُ اصْطَفَاكِ وَطَهَّرَكِ وَاصْطَفَاكِ

عَلَى نِسَاءِ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٥٢﴾

يَمْرَيْمُ اقْنِطِي لِرَبِّكِ وَاسْجُدِي

وَارْكَعِي مَعَ الرَّاكِعِينَ ﴿٥٣﴾

ذَٰلِكَ مِنْ أَنْبَاءِ الْغَيْبِ نُوحِيهِ

إِلَيْكَ ۖ وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ

يُلْقُونَ أَقْلَمَهُمْ أَيُّهُمْ يَكْفُلُ

مَرِيَمَ وَمَا كُنْتَ لَدَيْهِمْ إِذْ

يَخْتَصِمُونَ ﴿٥٤﴾

إِذْ قَالَتِ الْمَلَكَةُ يَمْرَيْمُ إِنَّ اللَّهَ

يُبَشِّرُكِ بِكَلِمَةٍ مِنْهُ اسْمُهُ

الْمَسِيحُ عِيسَى ابْنُ مَرْيَمَ وَجِهًا

فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمِنْ

الْمُقَرَّبِينَ ﴿٥٥﴾

وَيُكَلِّمُ النَّاسَ فِي الْمَهْدِ

وَكَهْلًا وَمِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾

قَالَتْ رَبِّ أَنَّى يَكُونُ لِي وَلَدٌ وَلَمْ

⁷¹ That is gesturally!

⁷² The phrase "subhana Allah," means: Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and that all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him!

⁷³ The word: العشي = "early part of night," as there is no English equivalent for "العشي"!

⁷⁴ The word: الإيكار = the time period spanning a little after sun rise until mid-day.

⁷⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation or footnote 657 above for elaboration on this word!

⁷⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'al"

⁷⁷ The word "نوحى" is rooted in "وحي أو أوحى" which denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded)! And "الوحي" is fire/or king! See اللسان!

⁷⁸ The word "لدى" in "لديهم" from "لدى" is closer than "عند" as you can say: "عندي مال و المال ليس بقبضتك الآن" so "لدى" which closes spatially and more specific! So, "directly present by" (them) seems to indicate such closeness! See اللسان!

⁷⁹ See footnote 644 above regarding يبشر!

⁸⁰ The Arabic word "الصالحين" is plural for "صالح" of which he, Esa, is one of them. The English word "righteous" is an adjective so no plural for it; hence, *salehen* (righteous people)! He spoke in the "cradle" as a phenomenal sign/proof exonerating his chaste mother, and "maturely" as Allah's Prophet and Messenger to the Israelites!

⁸¹ See footnote 681 above, regarding "أتى"!

⁸² The word "ولد" applies to a "son" or a "daughter"! See الهادي!

on to/had sexual relation with) me a human; said [he]: like *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/that) Allah creates what⁸³ [He]wills; if [He] judged a matter^x so verily only says [He] for it^x: let-[you^s] be so [it^x] is.

48. And [He] teaches him the book,^{84*} and the *hekмата*^{w85} (*wisdom*)^w and the Torah and the Euangelion⁸⁶.

49. And a messenger to Israel's sons: *anney* (that I) *qad* (already and affirmatively) came (to)you^b by an *Ayaten*^w (*miracle/sign/proof*)^w from yourⁿ Lord; verily [I] create for you^b of the mud like the bird's-mold^x then [I] blow in it^x; then [it^x] be^w a bird^x by Allah's leave; and [I] cure the *akmah* (*blind at birth*) and the leper; and [I] quicken the deceased, by Allah's leave; and *ouna'bbe'o* ([I] inform by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news to) you^b by what you^z eat and what you^z save in yourⁿ houses; verily in *tha'leka* (that-afar-it/that) surely (*is*) an *Ayatan*^w (*sign/proof*)^w for you^b en(*if*) you^c were believers.

50. And *mussaddeqan*⁸⁷ (*accepter as credible*) for what (*had been*) between-my-hands^w (*i.e. before me*) of the Torah; and to legitimize [I] for you^b some (*of that*) which^x (*had been*) illegitimated on you^b; and I came (to) you^b by an *Ayaten*^w (*miracle/sign/proof*)^w from yourⁿ Lord; so *ettaqo* (*let-reverentially guard you^z not to displease*) Allah and let-you^z obey [me]⁸⁸.

51. Verily Allah (*is*) my Lord and yourⁿ Lord, so let-worship Him you^z; this (*is*) *Sse'ratten* (*road/way*) straight.

52. Then *lamma* (*when/whence*) sensed *Esa* (*Jesus*) from them the unbelief said [he]: who^a (*are*) my succorers to Allah; said the Disciples: we (*are*) Allah's succorers, we believed by Allah and let-witness-/testify [you^s] by- such we surely (*are*) Muslims (*consigners to Allah*).

53. (O), our Lord: we believed by what (*had*) descended You^s and *ettaba'na* (*we closely-followed*) the messenger, so let-[You^s] write us with the witnesses.

54. And machinated they^z machination, and Allah (*is*)

يَمَسِّنِي بَشَرًا قَالَ كَذَلِكَ
اللَّهُ يَخْلُقُ مَا يَشَاءُ إِذَا قَضَىٰ أَمْرًا
فَلَنَمَّا يَقُولُ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ ﴿٥٠﴾

وَيُعَلِّمُهُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ
وَالتَّوْرَةَ وَالْإِنْجِيلَ ﴿٥١﴾

وَرَسُولًا إِلَىٰ بَنِي إِسْرَءِيلَ أَنِّي قَدْ
جِئْتُكُمْ بِبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ أَنِّي
أَخْلَقْتُ لَكُمْ مِّنَ الطِّينِ كَهَيْئَةِ
الطَّيْرِ فَأَنْفُخُ فِيهِ فَيَكُونُ طَيْرًا
بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَأُبْرِئُ الْأَكْمَهَ
وَالْأَبْرَصَ وَأُخَيِّبُ الْبَوْقَ بِإِذْنِ
اللَّهِ وَأُنَبِّئُكُم بِمَا تَأْكُلُونَ وَمَا
تَدْخِرُونَ فِي بُيُوتِكُمْ إِنَّ فِي
ذَلِكَ لَآيَةً لَّكُمْ إِن كُنتُمْ

مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٥٢﴾

وَمُصَدِّقًا لِّمَا بَيْنَ يَدَيَّ مِنَ
التَّوْرَةِ وَلَأُحِلَّ لَكُمْ بَعْضَ
الَّذِي حُرِّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ وَجِئْتُكُمْ
بِبَيِّنَاتٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
وَأَطِيعُوا أَوْصِيَاءَهُ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ رَبِّي وَرَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوهُ
هَذَا صِرَاطٌ مُسْتَقِيمٌ ﴿٥٣﴾

فَلَمَّا أَحَسَّ عِيسَىٰ مِنْهُمُ الْكُفْرَ
قَالَ مِّنْ أَنصَارِي إِلَى اللَّهِ قَالَ
الْحَوَارِيُّونَ نَحْنُ أَنصَارُ اللَّهِ ءَامَنَّا
بِاللَّهِ وَأَشْهَدُ أَنَّكَ مَرْسُولُهُ

رَبَّنَا ءَامَنَّا بِمَا أَنزَلْتَ وَاتَّبَعْنَا
الرَّسُولَ فَاصْكُتْنَا مَعَ
الشَّاهِدِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾

وَمَكْرُوا وَمَكَرَ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ خَيْرُ

⁸³ The particle “ما” is “إسم أو أداة شرط” = conditional noun/particle; or “ما” = “إسم موصول” = connective noun meaning *that which*! See *إعراب القرآن*، *لمحمود صافي*

⁸⁴ The word “الكتاب”=book, or “الكتابة”=writing, i.e. *hand-writing*! See *القرطبي*!

⁸⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “*bekma*”

⁸⁶ This translator does not believe it is fit to parenthetically state “the Gospel” for the Euangelion, as the Euangelion is the pure and unaltered divine Book to Isa (Jesus); whereas the Gospel is verifiably authored book by mostly unknown authors; and is verifiably full of errors and contradictions!

⁸⁷ The word “*musaddeqan*” is more than an “affirmer,” it is *accepter of the referent as credible*!

⁸⁸ The letter “ن” in “أطيعون” by Arabic (Linguistic) Rule, is called “نون الوقاية أو العمداء، حيث لا يستغنى عنها” which precedes the speaker's pronoun “ي”! The speaker's pronoun “ي” in “فأرهبون” is omitted, for “التخفيف” = “alleviation, lightening” or *Ayat's end harmony (rhyme)*! See *إعراب القرآن*، *لمحمود صافي*

khayro (superior/ worthier) of the machinators.

55. *Edb* (when) Allah said: O, *Esa* (Jesus), verily I am *mutawafeeka*⁸⁹ (receiving your^s whole) and raising you^s to Me, and purging you^s [I] from whom^r unbelieved they^z; and [I am] making whom^r *ettaba'aka*⁹⁰ (they^z who closely followed you^s) above whom^r unbelieved they^z, to The *Qeyamatey's*^w (Judgment's) Day; afterwards to Me (*is*) yourⁿ return then [I] rule among you^b in what you^c were in it^x differing.

56. So as-to who^r unbelieved they^z, then [I] torment them a hard/severe torment in the world^w and the Hereafter^w; and not for them of succorers.

57. And as-to whom^r they^z believed and they^z worked the righteous-works^w so fulfills⁹¹ (for) them [He] their remunerations; and Allah loves not the *dha'lemeena*⁹² (injustice-doers).

58. *Tha'leka*^x (that-afar-it/ that)^x [We] recite it^x on you^s of the *Aya'te*^w (messages/signs/proofs) and The *Thekro* (Qur'an) The *Hakeeme*,⁹³ infinite *hekma*⁹⁴ Possessor).

59. Verily *Esa's* (Jesus') parable/example *enda* (by rule of) Allah(*is*) like Adam's parable/example, [He] created him of *tora'ben* (crushed sand); afterwards [He] said to him: let-[you^s] be, so [he] is.

60. The right (*is*) from your^t Lord so let-not be [you^s] of the dubitantes.

61. So whoever [he] mutually argued you^s in him (*Esa/-Jesus*) from after what came(to) you^s of the knowledge-/erudition, then let-say [you^s]: let-come you^z: [we] summon our sons and yourⁿ sons and our women and yourⁿ women and our selves^w and yourⁿ selves^w afterwards *nabta'bel* ([we] elaborately supplicate-/ mutually curse), then [we] make Allah's curse on the liars.

62. Verily this (*is*) surely it^x (*is*) the narrative^x the right^x; and not of an *elaben* (a deity) except Allah; and verily Allah (*is*) surely He (*is*) The Mighty The *Hakeemo*⁹⁵ (infinite *hekma*)⁹⁶ Possessor).

63. So *en* (if) they^z diverted, then verily Allah (*is*)

الْمُنْكَرِينَ ﴿٥٤﴾

إِذْ قَالَ اللَّهُ يَٰعِيسَىٰ إِنِّي مُتَوَفِّيكَ وَرَافِعُكَ إِلَيَّ وَمُطَهِّرُكَ مِنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَجَاعِلُ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوكَ فَوْقَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ الْقِيَمَةِ ثُمَّ إِلَيَّ مَرْجِعُكُمْ فَأَحْكُمُ بَيْنَكُمْ فِيمَا كُنْتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ ﴿٥٥﴾

فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فَأَعَذِّبُهُمْ عَذَابًا شَدِيدًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَالْآخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمْ مِنْ نَّاصِرِينَ ﴿٥٦﴾

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَعَمِلُوا الصَّالِحَاتِ فَيُوَفِّيهِمْ أُجُورَهُمْ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿٥٧﴾

ذَٰلِكَ نَتْلُوهُ عَلَيْكَ مِنَ الْآيَاتِ وَالذِّكْرِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿٥٨﴾

إِنَّ مَثَلَ عِيسَىٰ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ كَمَثَلِ ءَادَمَ خَلَقَهُ مِنْ تُرَابٍ ثُمَّ قَالَ لَهُ كُنْ فَيَكُونُ ﴿٥٩﴾

الْحَقُّ مِنْ رَبِّكَ فَلَا تَكُن مِّنَ الْمُمْتَرِينَ ﴿٦٠﴾

فَمَنْ حَاجَّكَ فِيهِ مِن بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَكَ مِنَ الْعِلْمِ فَقُلْ تَعَالَوْا نَدْعُ أَبْنَاءَنَا وَأَبْنَاءَكُمْ وَنِسَاءَنَا وَنِسَاءَكُمْ وَأَنْفُسَنَا وَأَنْفُسَكُمْ ثُمَّ نَبْتَهِلْ فَنَجْعَل لَّعْنَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَى الْكَاذِبِينَ ﴿٦١﴾

إِنَّ هَٰذَا لَهُوَ الْقَصَصُ الْحَقُّ وَمَا مِن إِلَهٍ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَاتَّ اللَّهُ لَهُوَ الْعَزِيزُ الْحَكِيمُ ﴿٦٢﴾

فَإِنْ تَوَلَّوْا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ

⁸⁹ The word *متوفيك* = *متوفيك* = *ليس فقط بالروح دون الجسم* أي *مستلمك كاملاً*، أي *أنتي مستلمك كاملاً*، أي *ليس فقط بالروح دون الجسم* *والمسيح عليه السلام سوف يموت بعد رجوعه إلى الأرض! أنتي مستلمك كاملاً*، أي *مستلمك كاملاً*، أي *ليس فقط بالروح دون الجسم* *So mutawafeeka*=I am receiving you^s in whole, i.e. body and soul!

⁹⁰ The word “closely” is used to intensify the word “followed,” as the Arabic is “اتَّبَعُوكَ” not “اتَّبَعُوكَ”

⁹¹ The word “يُوفِّي” in “يُوفِّيهِمْ” from “الوفاء” = “التمام” meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! Thus, “يُوفِّي” means endeavor and gather the last part of an obligation to fulfill it!

⁹² The “ظالمين” = “the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم” = “injustice!”

⁹³ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words “الحكيم” and “إحكيمة”

⁹⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “hekma!”

⁹⁵ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words “الحكيم” and “إحكيمة”

⁹⁶ See *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “hekma!”

Omniscient by the corrupters.

64. Le-say[you^s]: O, folks (of) the book let-come you^z to a *sawa*(mutually agreeable/ equitable/ even) word between us and [between] you^b: that not [we] worship except Allah and [we] partner not by Him a thing; and let-not *yattakbetha*⁹⁷ (take and make) some (of) us some (as) lords of lesser than/without Allah; then, *en(if)* they^z diverted, then let-say [you^s]: let-testify/ witness you^z by-such we surely (are) Muslims (*consigners to Allah*).
65. O, the book's folks, wherefore mutually you^z argue in *Ebraheema* (*Abraham*) while not (*had been*) descended-she^y the 'Torah^w and the Euangelion^{x98} except from after him; do then not reason you^z.
66. Ha you^f these mutually argued you^c in what for you^b by it^x erudition/knowledge, so wherefore mutually argue you^z in what not for you^b by it^x erudition-/knowledge; and Allah knows and you^f know not.
67. Neither was *Ebraheemo* (*Abraham*) a Jewish and nor a *Nasraneyyan* (*Christian*); [and,] but [he] was *haneefan*⁹⁹ (*soundly leaning [he]*) Muslim, and [he] was not of the *mushbrekeena* (*he-they who partner deities with Allah/ he-polytheists*).
68. Verily worthiest (of) the mankind by *Ebraheema* (*Abraham*) (*are*) surely who^r *ettaba'a* (*they^x who closely-followed*) him, and this^x [the] prophet, and who^r they^z believed; and Allah (*is*) the believers' *Wa'leyon* (*Guardian/ Alb*).
69. Longed-she^{y100} a *ta'efa'ton*^w (*a group/ faction/ party*)^w of the book's folks if¹⁰¹ they^z (*could*) mislead you^b and not they^z mislead except themselves^w while not perceive they^z.
70. O, you the book's folks: wherefore you^z unbelieve by Allah's *Aya'te*^w (*miracle/ igns/ proofs*) while you^f witness.
71. O, you the book's folks: wherefore addle you^z the right^x by the falsehood^x and you^z conceal the right^x while you^f know.
72. And said-she^y a *ta'efa'ton*^w (*group/ faction/ party*)^w of the

بِالْمُفْسِدِينَ ﴿٣٧﴾
قُلْ يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ تَعٰلَوْا۟ اِلٰى
كَلِمَةٍ سَوَآءٍ بَيْنِنَا وَبَيْنَكَمُ۟ اَلَّا
نَعْبُدُ اِلَّا اللّٰهَ وَلَا نَشْرِكُ بِهِۦ شَيْۜءًا
وَلَا يَتَّخِذَ بَعْضُنَا بَعْضًا اَرْبَابًا
مِّنْ دُوۡنِ اللّٰهِ فَاِنۡ تَوَلَّوۡا۟ فَقُوۡلُوۡا۟
اَشْهَدُوۡا۟ بِاَنَّا مُسْلِمُوۡنَ ﴿٣٨﴾
يٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ لِمَ تَحٰجُّوۡنَ
فِيۡ اِبْرٰهِيۡمَ وَمَاۤ اُنۡزِلَتِ التَّوْرَةُ
وَالْاِنْجِيۡلُ اِلَّا مِّنۡ بَعْدِيۡهِۚ اَفَلَا
تَعْقِلُوۡنَ ﴿٣٩﴾
هٰتٰنِمْ هٰتُوۡلَا۟ حٰجِجْتُمۡ فِیۡمَا
لَكُمْۢ بِهِۦ عِلۡمٌ فَلِمَ تَحٰجُّوۡنَ
فِیۡمَا لَیْسَ لَكُمْۢ بِهِۦ عِلۡمٌ وَاللّٰهُ
یَعْلَمُ وَاَنْتُمْ لَا تَعْلَمُوۡنَ ﴿٤٠﴾
مَا كَانَ اِبْرٰهِيۡمُ يَھُوۡدِيًّا وَلَا
نَصْرَانِيًّا وَلٰكِنۡ كَانَ حَنِیۡفًا
مُّسْلِمًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ الْمُشْرِكِيۡنَ ﴿٤١﴾
اِنَّ اَوَّلٰى النَّاسِ بِاِبْرٰهِيۡمَ لِلَّذِيۡنَ
اَتَّبَعُوۡهُ وَهٰذَا النَّبِیُّ وَالَّذِيۡنَ
ءَامَنُوۡا۟ وَاللّٰهُ وِلٰی الْمُؤْمِنِيۡنَ ﴿٤٢﴾
وَدَّتْ طَآئِفَةٌ مِّنۡ اَهْلِ الْكِتٰبِ لَوۡ
یُضِلُّوۡنَكَمۡ وَمَا یُضِلُّوۡنَ اِلَّا
اَنْفُسَهُۥمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُوۡنَ ﴿٤٣﴾
یٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ لِمَ تَكْفُرُوۡنَ
بِآیٰتِ اللّٰهِ وَاَنْتُمْ تَشْهَدُوۡنَ ﴿٤٤﴾
یٰٓأَهْلَ الْكِتٰبِ لِمَ تَلْبِسُوۡنَ
الْحَقَّ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَتَكْتُمُوۡنَ الْحَقَّ
وَاَنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُوۡنَ ﴿٤٥﴾
وَقَالَت طَّآئِفَةٌ مِّنۡ اَهْلِ الْكِتٰبِ

⁹⁷ The word “اِتَّخَذَ” from “الِإِتَّخَاذَ” which is “اِفْتَعَالَ” for “الِإِتَّخَاذَ” as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “اِتَّخَذَ” is always taking and presuming some thing about what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

⁹⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the word “Euangelion,” presumably the “Gospel!”

⁹⁹ The word “حنيفاً” = “ميلاً” in this Ayah is a predicate construct (for كان), hence “incliner/soundly leaning [he]. See the “inclining/leaning” is to the sound religion or faith of Ibraheem’s (Abraham’s); as he inclined/leaned away from his people’s faith which was based on multiple idols’ worships!

¹⁰⁰ The word “ودت” translated as “longed-she^y” means an earnest, heartfelt desire, especially for something beyond reach! That is to say: what many long for is not going to happen!

¹⁰¹ The particle “لو” since it is a future-connected verb, probable to occur and not sure it’s a present occurrence, such a “لو” amounts to “if” or “when!” See امغني اللبيب، ابن هشام

book's folks: let-believe you^z by (tha) which^x (had been) descended on who^r they^z believed the day's^x face^{x102} and let-unbelieve you^z (by) its^x end^x; la'allā (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) they return they^z.

73. And let-not believe you^z except for whom^p [he] followed yourⁿ religion; let-say [you^r]: verily the divine-guidance (is) Allah's divine-guidance; that youa'ta (to be accorded/given) an abadon¹⁰³ (a: unique one/ lone/ any-one) like what oteytom (you^c had been accorded/given) or they^z mutually argue (with) you^b enda (by rule of) yourⁿ Lord; let-say [you^r]: verily the munificence^x (is) by Allah's hand^{w104} youa'tey ([He] accords/gives) it^x (to) whom^p [He] wills; and Allah (is) Wa'seon¹⁰⁵ (Surrounder and encompassing all things), Omniscient.

74. Particularizes [He] by His mercy^w whom^p [He] wills, and Allah (is) possessor (of) the munificence the great.

75. And of the book's folks whom^p en (if) [you^r] entrust him by a talent^{x106} youaddey¹⁰⁷ (he personally delivers or performs his full obligations due to) it^x to you^g; and of them whom^p en (if) [you^r] entrust him by a dinar^x (a gold coin)^x not youaddey it^x to you^g except when^o/as-long-as¹⁰⁸ you^g bided on him standing/stander; tha'leka (afar-that-it)^x (is) because verily said they^z: not on us in the ommeyeena¹⁰⁹ (they who are unlettered/ the Arabs) a path; and say they^z on Allah the untruth while they know.

76. Bala¹¹⁰ (certainly-not); whoever [he] fulfilled¹¹¹ by his covenant and ettaqa (he had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah), then verily Allah loves the mutaqeena (reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure).

77. Verily who^r purchase they^z by Allah's covenant and their ayma'ne (oaths) a little price, those for them no khalāqa¹¹² (good-portion/lot) in the Hereafter^w, and

ءَامِنُوا بِالَّذِي أُنْزِلَ عَلَى الَّذِينَ
ءَامَنُوا وَجَهَ النَّهَارَ وَكَفَرُوا
ءَاخِرَهُ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَرْجِعُونَ ﴿٧٣﴾

وَلَا تُؤْمِنُوا إِلَّا لِمَنْ تَبِعَ دِينَكُمْ
قُلْ إِنَّ الْهُدَى هُدَى اللَّهِ أَنْ
يُؤْتَى أَحَدٌ مِثْلَ مَا أُوتِيتُمْ أَوْ
يُحَاجُّوكُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّكُمْ قُلْ إِنَّ
الْفَضْلَ بِيَدِ اللَّهِ يُؤْتِيهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ
وَاللَّهُ وَاسِعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٤﴾

يَخْتَصِرُ بِرَحْمَتِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ
ذُو الْفَضْلِ الْعَظِيمِ ﴿٧٥﴾

وَمِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ مَنْ إِنْ تَأْمَنَهُ
بِقِنْطَارٍ يُؤَدِّهِ إِلَيْكَ وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ
إِنْ تَأْمَنَهُ بدينارٍ لَا يُؤَدِّهِ إِلَيْكَ
إِلَّا مَا دُمْتَ عَلَيْهِ قَائِمًا ذَلِكَ
بأنهم قالوا لَيْسَ عَلَيْنَا فِي
الْأُمِّيِّينَ سَبِيلٌ وَيَقُولُونَ عَلَى
اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾
بَلَى مَنْ أَوْفَى بِعَهْدِهِ وَاتَّقَى فَإِنَّ
اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿٧٧﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ يَشْتَرُونَ بِعَهْدِ اللَّهِ
وَأَيْمَنِهِمْ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا أُولَئِكَ لَا

¹⁰² The expression "day's face," is Arabic tongue expression meaning the beginning of the day!

¹⁰³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "أحد"

¹⁰⁴ Some maintain that the "hands" are symbols of divine Might or Power!

¹⁰⁵ The word "wa'seon" is singular, masculine, subjective noun with multiple meanings: (1) Surrounder of other things and subsuming them, (2) vastly spacious, (3) that which can comprehensively contain other thing! When the definite article "the" is prefixed to it, with a capital "T" and the word "was'eon" also with a capital "W," to make "The Was'eo" then it becomes one of Allah's most beautiful names, meaning "surrounding and encompassing everything!"

¹⁰⁶ A talent^x = "قِنْطَار" is an amount of weight equal to 1,200 ounces of gold, used in ancient time.

¹⁰⁷ With respect the word "youaddey," it is to be noted that it is from "أداء," meaning: personally performing (the obligation), e.g.: a payer must pay the payment to the payee in person or in certain circumstances the payee's legal representative! This is in contrast to "vaffa" = "وَفَّى" paid the full obligations in any way!

¹⁰⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding, "إِذَا الْمَصْدَرِيَّةُ"

¹⁰⁹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "الْأُمِّيِّينَ"

¹¹⁰ The word "bala" = "indeed-not" is absolutely not synonymous to "yes" = "نَعَمْ," see the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

¹¹¹ The word "أوفى" from "الوفاء," = "التمام," meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! So, "أوفى" means had endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation and fulfilled it!

¹¹² The word "خَلَقَ" has two similar but distinct meanings: (1) good portion, or (2) the good traits of a person for which he is praised for it! See الهادي!

neither Allah speaks (*to*) them nor looks at them [He] The *Qeyamatey's*^w (Judgment's) Day, nor you *zakakey*¹¹³ (He: *exculpates/befits/suits and blesses*) them, and for them (*is*) a painful torment.

78. And verily of them surely a team, they^z twist their tongues by the book^x to you^z reckon it^x of the book^x while it^x (*is*) not of the book^x; and say they^z: it^x (*is*) from *ende* (*springing from/ by rule of*) Allah while it^x (*is*) not from *ende* Allah; and they^z say on Allah the untruth while they know.

79. Not was for a human that you^a *tey* (*accords/gives*) him Allah the book^x and the rule¹¹⁴ and the prophet-hood^w afterwards [he] says for the mankind: let-you^z be *ebadan* (*worshippers/slaves*) for me of without-/lesser than Allah; [and,] but let-you^z be *rabbaneyyena* (*Lordly-clerics*) by what you^c were teaching the book and by what you^c were studying.

80. And not commands you^b [he] to *tattaketho*¹¹⁵ (*you^z take and presume*) the angels and the prophets lords; would [he] command you^b by the unbelief after *edh* (*when*) you^f (*are*) Muslims.

81. And *edh* (*when*) took Allah the prophets' *meethaq*^{x116} (*ratified-covenant*)^x for what *aa'taytokom* ([I] *accorded-/gave you^b*) of a book and *bekmaten*¹¹⁷ (*wisdom*); afterwards came (*to*) you^b a messenger *mussaddeqon*¹¹⁸ (*accepter as credible*) for what (*is*) with you^b to assuredly¹¹⁹ believe you^z by him and surely assuredly succor him you^z; said [He]: have acknowledged you^c and took you^c on *tha'lekum* (*collective-afar-that*) *essrey*¹²⁰ (*my severe, heavy, personal, and most burdensome pledge-/ obligation*); said they^z: we acknowledged; said [He]: then let-witness-/testify you^z and I am with you^b of the Witnesses-/Testifiers.

82. So whoever [he] shifted/diverted after *tha'leka* (*that-afar-it/thai*) then those they (*are*) the *fa'seeqoona*¹²¹ (*rebels vis-à-vis Allah's command*).

خَلَقَ لَهُمْ فِي الْآخِرَةِ وَلَا يُكَلِّمُهُمُ
اللَّهُ وَلَا يَنْظُرُ إِلَيْهِمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَلَا
يُزَكِّيهِمْ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿٧٨﴾

وَأَنَّ مِنْهُمْ لَفَرِيقًا يَلُونِ أَلَسْتَهُمْ
بَالْكِتَابِ لِتَحْسَبُوهُ مِنَ الْكِتَابِ
وَمَا هُمْ بِأَلْكِتَابِ يَقُولُونَ
هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ وَمَا هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ
اللَّهِ يَقُولُونَ عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ
وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾

مَا كَانَ لِبَشَرٍ أَنْ يُؤْتِيَهُ اللَّهُ الْكِتَابَ
وَالْحِكْمَ وَالنَّبُوءَةَ ثُمَّ يَقُولَ لِلنَّاسِ
كُونُوا عِبَادًا لِي مِنْ دُونِ اللَّهِ وَلَكِنْ
كُونُوا رَبَّيْنَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ
الْكِتَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَدْرُسُونَ ﴿٨٠﴾

وَلَا يَأْمُرُكُمْ أَنْ تَتَّخِذُوا الْمَلَائِكَةَ
وَالنَّبِيِّينَ أَرْبَابًا أَيَأْمُرُكُمْ بِالْكُفْرِ
بَعْدَ إِذْ أَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿٨١﴾

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ مِيثَاقَ النَّبِيِّينَ لَمَا
ءَاتَيْنَاكُمْ مِنْ كِتَابٍ وَحِكْمَةٍ
ثُمَّ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ مُصَدِّقٌ
لِمَا مَعَكُمْ لَتُؤْمِنُنَّ بِهِ
وَلَتَنْصُرُنَّهُ قَالَ ءَأَقْرَرْتُمْ
وَأَخَذْتُمْ عَلَىٰ ذَٰلِكُمْ إِصْرِي
قَالُوا أَقْرَرْنَا قَالَ فَاشْهَدُوا وَأَنَا
مَعَكُمْ مِنَ الشَّاهِدِينَ ﴿٨٢﴾

فَمَنْ تَوَلَّىٰ بَعْدَ ذَٰلِكَ فَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ
الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿٨٣﴾

¹¹³ The word “يُزَكِّيهِمْ” that's, and Allah is knowinger, [He] *exculpates, befits/suits and blessed!* See التفاسير واللسان!

¹¹⁴ The word “the *bukman*”= “الحكم” is *subjective, singular, masculine noun* meaning: possession of sound understanding effecting just judgment all around with respect to all conducts of the possessor!

¹¹⁵ The word “اتَّخَذَ” from “الِاتِّخَاذُ” which is “اِفْتَعَالُ” for “الِاتِّخَاذُ,” as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “اتَّخَذَ” is *always taking and making and presuming some thing* of what was taken! Thus, it is *not* just the mere *taking*!

¹¹⁶ The word “ميثاق”= “assured covenant” and “عهد”=covenant. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation!

¹¹⁷ The English word “wisdom” is *highly inadequate* term to describe its supposed Arabic equivalent “*bekmah!*” See the Lexicon attached to this Translation, for an exposition!

¹¹⁸ The word “*mussaddeqon*” is more than an “affirmer,” it is *accepter of the referent as credible!*

¹¹⁹ The “ل” in “التؤمّنن” and “التنصرن” are *juratory* “ل”= “القسم” amounting to= “التأكيد,” i.e. *affirmation*, expressed in both cases by “*assuredly*”!

¹²⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more details for the word “*esr*” and its *awesome meanings* of various deflections.

¹²¹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this important word *faseqoon* and its *grammatical inflections*!

83. Do then other than Allah's religion they^z desire; and for Him *aslama* (had submitted to the criteria of Islam) who^p(are) in the Heavens^w and the Earth^w voluntarily and coercively¹²²; and to Him (*shall be*) returned they^z.

أَفَغَيْرَ دِينِ اللَّهِ يَبْغُونَ وَلَهُ أَسْلَمَ
مَنْ فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
طَوْعًا وَكَرْهًا وَإِلَيْهِ يُرْجَعُونَ

﴿٨٣﴾

84. Le-say [your]: we believed by Allah and what (*had been*) descended on us and what (*had been*) descended on Ebraheema (Abraham) and Ismaela (Ishmael) and Es'haqa (Isaac) and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) and the *asba'tte* (tribes/Israel's children) and what *oteya* (*had been accorded/given to*) Mosa (Moses), and Esa (Jesus) and the prophets from their Lord; not differentiate [we] among an *ahaden*¹²³ (a lone/any-one) of them; and we (*are*) for Him (*are*) Muslims.

قُلْ ءَامَنَّا بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْنَا وَمَا
أُنْزِلَ عَلَىٰ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَإِسْمَاعِيلَ
وَإِسْحَاقَ وَيَعْقُوبَ وَالْأَسْبَاطِ
وَمَا أُوتِيَ مُوسَىٰ وَعِيسَىٰ
وَالنَّبِيُّونَ مِنْ رَبِّهِمْ لَا نَفْرقُ
بَيْنَ أَحَدٍ مِنْهُمْ وَنَحْنُ لَهُ
مُسْلِمُونَ

﴿٨٤﴾

85. And whoever *yabtaghey*¹²⁴ [*be*] earnestly-quests other than[the]Islam(as)a religion,so never (*to be*) accepted from[him],and[he](*is*)in the Hereafter^w of the losers.

وَمَنْ يَبْتَغِ غَيْرَ الْإِسْلَامِ دِينًا فَلَنْ
يُقبلَ مِنْهُ وَهُوَ فِي الْآخِرَةِ مِنْ
الْخَاسِرِينَ

﴿٨٥﴾

86. How divinely-guides Allah a people unbelieved they^z after their belief and witnessed/testified they^z that the messenger (*is*) right; and came^{x125} (*to*) them the evidences-she^y; and Allah divinely-guides not the people, the *dha'lemeena*¹²⁶ (injustice-doers).

كَيْفَ يَهْدِي اللَّهُ قَوْمًا كَفَرُوا
بَعْدَ إِيمَانِهِمْ وَشَهِدُوا أَنَّ الرُّسُولَ
حَقٌّ وَجَاءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ وَاللَّهُ لَا
يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّالِمِينَ

﴿٨٦﴾

87. Those their requital (*is*): verily on them (*is*) Allah's curse and the angels' and the mankind's wholes.

أُولَئِكَ جَزَاءُهُمْ أَنَّ عَلَيْهِمْ لَعْنَةَ اللَّهِ
وَالْمَلَائِكَةِ وَالنَّاسِ أَجْمَعِينَ

﴿٨٧﴾

88. Immortals they^z (*are*) in it^w not (*to be*) lightened a'n¹²⁷ (*off*) them the torment, nor (*are*) they (*to be*) reprieved.

خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا لَا يَخَفُ عَنْهُمْ
الْعَذَابُ وَلَا هُمْ يُنظَرُونَ

﴿٨٨﴾

89. Except whom^t repented they^z from after *tha'leka* (*that-afar-it/that*) and reformed they^z then verily Allah (*is*) *Ghafooron* (iterative Forgiver) *Raheemon* (iterative mercy Giver).

إِلَّا الَّذِينَ تَابُوا مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ
وَأَصْلَحُوا فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَحِيمٌ

﴿٨٩﴾

90. Verily who^t unbelieved they^z after their belief, afterwards *iz'dado*¹²⁸ (*they^z further-augmented*) a disbelief never (*to be*) accepted their repentance; and those they (*are*) the strayers.

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِيمَانِهِمْ ثُمَّ
ازْدَادُوا كُفْرًا لَنْ تُقْبَلَ تَوْبَتُهُمْ
وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الضَّالُّونَ

﴿٩٠﴾

91. Verily who^t unbelieved they^z and died they^z while

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَمَاتُوا وَهُمْ كُفَّارٌ

¹²² See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the distinction between “كَرَهَا,” *fat’ha* on the “كَ,” as in this *Ayah*, and “كَرَهَا,” *dhammah* on the “كَ,” as in (S46: 15), and “اِكْرَاهًا,” as in (S2:256)!

¹²³ See footnote 712 above regarding “أَحَدٌ”

¹²⁴ The word “ابْتَغَى” = “طَلَبَ حَثِيثًا” meaning: earnestly quested!

¹²⁵ The word “جَاءَ” in the locution “جَاءَهُمْ,” a masculine gender verb, instead of “جَانْتَهُمْ” for the “الْبَيِّنَاتُ” = “evidences-she,” a feminine gender; however the coming, and Allah knows best, is in reference to a masculine gender, represented here by both the superscript “x” on the word “came x” and the hidden pronoun [be], immediately following the verb came! The reference is for the “right” = The *Qur'an*, or the Messenger, that came with the valid proofs, and sound arguments. In Arabic the “right” = The *Qur'an*, the Messenger all are masculine genders, hence “جَاءَ” Clearly, the “هم” in “جَاءَهُمْ” is the objective pronoun!

¹²⁶ The “ظَالِمِينَ” = “the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم” = “injustice!”

¹²⁷ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the various meanings of the prepositional letter “عن”!

¹²⁸ The word “زَادَادَ” implies greater intensity, and النَّجَاحُ says it is “ابْلَغَ” So further is prefixed for this purpose!

they (*were*) unbelievers, then never (*to be*) accepted of an *aba'de*¹²⁹ (*a lone/any-one*) (*of*) them the Earth's^w full (*of*) gold^x even if [*he*] ransomed by it^x; those for them (*is*) a painful torment and not for them of succorers.

92. Never attain you^z the *berra*¹³⁰ (*the-just-and-dutiful/Paradise as a reward*), until you^z expend of whatever you^z love; and whatever you^z expend of a thing^x so verily Allah (*is*) by it^x Omniscient.

93. All the *tta'aamo*^x (*wheat/edibles/food-grains*)^x was legitimate for Israel's sons, except what illegitimized Israel on himself of before that *tonaẓzala* (*had been iteratively descended*) the Torah; let-say [*you*^s]: then *oto* (*let-produce/come*) you^z by the Torah^w then you^z recite it^w *en(if)* you^b were *ssadeqeena* (*always-truth-enforcers*).

94. Then whoever *iftra* ([*he*] *crafted a lie for fraudulent end*) on Allah the untruth from after *tha'leka* (*afar-that-it*)^x then those they (*are*) the *dha'lemonoona*¹³¹ (*injustice-doers*).

95. Le-say [*you*^s]: *ssadaqa* (*always-enforced-the-truth*) Allah; so *ettabe'ao* (*let-you^z closely-follow*) Ebraheema's (*Abraham's*) sect^w/faith^w *haneefan*¹³² (*rightly-leaning [he]*) and not was [*he*] of the *musbrekeena* (*he-they who partner deities with Allah, he-polytheists*).

96. Truly, first House^x established for the mankind (*is*) (*that*) which^x (*is*) by *Bakkata*¹³³, (*Makkata*) blessedly, and a divine-guidance for the worlds.

97. In it^x (*are*) evident^w *Aya'ton*^w (*miracles/signs/proofs*) Ebraheema's (*Abraham's*) *maqamo* (*standing-place*) and whoever [*he*] entered it^x was *aa'menan* (*self-safety-securer*); and for Allah on the mankind (*is*) the House-pilgrimage whoever [*he*] could to it^x a path; and whoever [*he*] unbelieved verily Allah (*is*) rich/in-no-need *a'n*¹³⁴ (*regarding*) the worlds.

98. Le-say [*you*^s]: O, the book's folks, wherefore you^z unbelieve by Allah's *Aya'te*^w (*miracles/igns/proofs*) and-/while¹³⁵ Allah (*is*) Witnesser/Testifier¹³⁶ over what you^z work.

99. Le-say [*you*^s]: O, the book's folks wherefore you^z repel

فَلَنْ يُقْبَلَ مِنْ أَحَدِهِمْ مِلَّةَ
الْأَرْضِ ذَهَبًا وَلَوْ اقْتَدَى بِهِ
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ وَمَا
لَهُمْ مِنْ نَاصِرِينَ ﴿٩٢﴾

لَنْ تَنَالُوا الْبِرَّ حَتَّى تُنْفِقُوا مِمَّا
تُحِبُّونَ وَمَا تُنْفِقُوا مِنْ شَيْءٍ
فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ بِهِ عَلِيمٌ ﴿٩٣﴾

كُلُّ الطَّعَامِ كَانَ حِلالًا لِبَنِي
إِسْرَءِيلَ إِلَّا مَا حَرَّمَ إِسْرَءِيلُ
عَلَى نَفْسِهِ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تُنَزَّلَ
التَّوْرَةُ قُلْ فَأْتُوا بِالتَّوْرَةِ
فَاتْلُوهَا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٩٤﴾

فَمَنْ أَفْتَرَى عَلَى اللَّهِ الْكَذِبَ مِنْ بَعْدِ
ذَلِكَ فَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ﴿٩٥﴾

قُلْ صَدَقَ اللَّهُ فَاتَّبِعُوا مِلَّةَ
إِبْرَاهِيمَ حَنِيفًا وَمَا كَانَ مِنَ
الشِّرْكِينَ ﴿٩٦﴾

إِنَّ أَوَّلَ بَيْتٍ وُضِعَ لِلنَّاسِ لَلَّذِي
بِبَكَّةَ مُبَارَكًا وَهُدًى لِلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٩٧﴾

فِيهِ آيَاتٌ بَيِّنَاتٌ مَقَامُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ
وَمَنْ دَخَلَهُ كَانَ آمِنًا وَلِلَّهِ عَلَى
النَّاسِ حِجُّ الْبَيْتِ مَنْ اسْتَطَاعَ
إِلَيْهِ سَبِيلًا وَمَنْ كَفَرَ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ
غَنِيٌّ عَنِ الْعَالَمِينَ ﴿٩٨﴾

قُلْ يَتَاهَلِ الْكِتَابُ لَمْ يَكْفُرُوا
بِقَايَةِ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ شَهِيدٌ عَلَى مَا
تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿٩٩﴾

قُلْ يَتَاهَلِ الْكِتَابُ لَمْ تَصُدُّوا

¹²⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding “أحد”

¹³⁰ The word “*the berra*” has many meanings, both *linguistic* and *Shareyah* meanings. Refer to the *Lexicon* to this Translation for fuller meanings.

¹³¹ The “ظالمون” = “the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم” = “injustice!” See footnote 148 below!

¹³² The word “حنيفاً” = “ميلاً” in this *Ayah* is a predicate construct, hence “incliner” or “leanly!” See إعراب القرآن، The “inclining/leaning” is to the sound religion or faith of Ibraheem's (*Abraham's*); as he inclined/leaned away from his people's faith which was based on multiple idols' worships!

¹³³ “Bakkata”= “Bakkah”=Makkah or Macca.

¹³⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the various meanings of the prepositional letter “عن”

¹³⁵ This “و” could be either be “inceptive” = “الإبتداء” or it could be “و”= “الحال”= “the state, the circumstance” so, it is rendered as: “and/while,” to cover both possibilities, as either is possible in this context!

¹³⁶ (1) The word “شَهِيد” is equivalent to “شاهد” but a lot stronger! Clearly “شَهِيد” is in the intensive form of “شاهد.” (2) Additionally “شَهِيد” or “الشَهِيد” is of the beautiful names of Allah, hence the concept of being iterative witnesser, as He is absolutely just and right. (3) Also “شَهِيد” or “الشَهِيد” is the “living,” i.e. he who was killed in the way/cause of Allah, therefore, he is “living” in Allah's custody, and in the Day of Judgment he will be among those who bear witness along with the prophets and his likes.

a'n (off/ regarding) Allah's path whom^p [he] believed, *tabghonaha*¹³⁷ (earnestly-quest it^w you^r) crookedly, while you^c (are) witnesses and not Allah (is) surely neglector *amma*¹³⁸ (regarding) what you^z work.

100. O, you who^r believed they^z: *en(if)* you^z obey a team of whom^r *oto* (had been accorded/ given they^z) the book *yaroddokom*¹³⁹ (they^z forthwith-return you^b) after yourⁿ belief unbelievers.

101. And[how]you^zunbelieve, whileyou^r(are being) recited on you^bAllah's *Aya'te*^w (messages/ tatements) and [in] you^b (is) His messenger and whoever [he] safeguards¹⁴⁰ by Allah then *qad* (already and affirmatively) [he] (had been) divinely-guided to a *Se'ratten* (road/ way) straight.

102. O you, who^r believed they^z *ettaqo* (let reverentially guard you^z not to displease) Allah His right *toqa'te* (reverential guarding against His displeasure), and let-not you^z assuredly die except while you^r (are) Muslims.

103. And let-safeguard you^z by Allah's rope together and let-not separate you^z; and let-remember you^z Allah's boon^{w141} on you^b *edh* (when) you^c were enemies then [He] conciliated among yourⁿ hearts so became you^c by His boon^w brothers, while you^b were on a brink of a pit^w of fire^w; then [He] rescued you^b from it^w; like *tha'leka* (afar-that-it) ^x manifests Allah for you^b His *Aya'te*^w (miracles/ signs/ proofs) *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^b *tahtadona* (you^z find and accept the divine-guidance).

104. And let-be^w of you^b an *ummaton*^w (community/people)^w invite they^z to the *khayrey* (lawful: desiables/ goodness-worship) and they^z command by the *ma'aroofe*^x (popularly acceptable and not Sharey'ah disapproved maxim)^x and they^z forbid *a'n* (off/ regarding) the *munka're*^{x142} (rationally objectionable or Sharey'ah prohibited maxim)^x and those they (are) the thrivers.

105. And let-not be^x you^z like whom^r they^z separated and differed they^z from after what came^x (to) them the evidences^w; and those, for them (is) a torment, great.

106. A day: (when) whiten faces and blacken faces¹⁴³; then as-to whom^r blackened-she^{y144} their faces,

عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ مَنْ ءَامَنَ تَبَغُّوْهَا
عَوَجًا وَأَنْتُمْ شُهَدَاءُ وَمَا اللَّهُ
بِغَفْلٍ عَمَّا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٠٠﴾

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِنْ تُطِيعُوا
فَرِيقًا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ
يُرَدُّوْكُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ كَافِرِينَ ﴿١٠١﴾

وَكَيْفَ تَكْفُرُونَ وَأَنْتُمْ تُتْلَىٰ
عَلَيْكُمْ ءَايَاتُ اللَّهِ وَفِيكُمْ
رَسُولُهُ وَمَنْ يَعْصِمْ بِاللَّهِ فَقَدْ

هُدًى إِلَىٰ صِرَاطٍ مُّسْتَقِيمٍ ﴿١٠٢﴾

يَتَأْتِيهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا اتَّقُوا اللَّهَ حَقَّ تَقَاتِهِ

وَلَا تَمُوتُنَّ إِلَّا وَأَنْتُمْ مُسْلِمُونَ ﴿١٠٣﴾

وَأَعْتَصِمُوا بِحَبْلِ اللَّهِ جَمِيعًا وَلَا
تَفَرَّقُوا وَاذْكُرُوا نِعْمَتَ اللَّهِ عَلَيْكُمْ
إِذْ كُنْتُمْ أَعْدَاءً فَأَلَّفَ بَيْنَ قُلُوبِكُمْ

فَأَصْبَحْتُمْ بِنِعْمَتِهِ إِخْوَانًا وَكُنْتُمْ
عَلَىٰ شَفَا حُفْرَةٍ مِّنَ النَّارِ
فَأَنْقَذَكُمْ مِّنْهَا كَذَلِكَ يُبَيِّنُ اللَّهُ

لَكُمْ ءَايَاتِهِ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَهْتَدُونَ ﴿١٠٤﴾

وَلَتَكُن مِّنكُمْ أُمَّةٌ يَدْعُونَ إِلَى
الْخَيْرِ وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ
عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ

الْمُقْلِحُونَ ﴿١٠٥﴾

وَلَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ تَفَرَّقُوا وَاخْتَلَفُوا

مِّنْ بَعْدِ مَا جَاءَهُمُ الْبَيِّنَاتُ

وَأُولَٰئِكَ هُمُ عَذَابُ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١٠٦﴾

يَوْمَ تَبْيَضُّ وُجُوهٌ وَتَسْوَدُّ وُجُوهٌ

فَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَسْوَدَّتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ

¹³⁷ The word "تبغونها" is rooted in "بغى" meaning: earnestly quest or earnestly seek for!

¹³⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding the various meanings of the preposition "عن!"

¹³⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for elaboration on the word "رد" meaning return forthwith!

¹⁴⁰ That is firmly adheres to His religion, Islam, as: "Verih, the religion enda (by rule of) Allah (is) [the] Islam?" (S3:19). Also, The Qur'an says: "So, never you die except while you (are) Muslims." (S2: 132).

¹⁴¹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for "ne'amah" ("boon")!

¹⁴² The word "munkar"="منكر" means rationally objectionable or Islam prohibited act! See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for more details of this very important and rather recurrent word in Islamic literature!

¹⁴³ The expression "whiten faces and blacken faces" is an Arabic tongue expression meaning seeing what pleases or what displeases respectively!

¹⁴⁴ Ibid, regarding blackened!

have you^c unbelieved after yourⁿ belief; so let-taste you^z the torment, by what were you^c unbelieving.

107. And as-to whom^r whitened-she^y their faces so in Allah's mercy^w they (are) in it^w immortals.

108. *Telka^w (she-that-afar-it^w/those^w) (are) Allah's Aya'to^w (statements/messages) [We] recite it^w on you^g by the right; and not Allah wants an injustice for the worlds.*

109. And for Allah what (are) in the Heavens^w and [what] (are) in the Earth^w and to Allah (are to be) returned the matters.

110. You^c were *khayara* (choicer/superior/worthier) *ummaten^w* (people/community) ^w *okhbrejat* (which had been produced-she^y) for the mankind, you^z command by the *ma'aroofe* (popularly acceptable and not *Sharey'ah* disapproved maxim) and you^z forbid a'n (off/regarding) the *munka're* (rationally objectionable or Islam prohibited maxim) and you^z believe by Allah; and had the book's folks believed, surely [was] *khayran* (= *khayra*) for them; of them the believers and most (of) them (are) the *fa'seegoona* (rebels vis-à-vis Allah's command).

111. Never they^z harm you^b except an annoyance; and *en* (if) they^z mutually fight you^b they^z turn/divert (to) you^b the *adba'ra*¹⁴⁵ (rears); afterwards not (be) succored they^z.

112. (Had been) struck-she^y on them the ignominy^w where ever *thoqefo*¹⁴⁶ (they^z are being met/grabbed) except by a rope from Allah and a rope from the mankind; and *ba'o* (they^z deservedly incurred) by a wrath from Allah; and (had been) struck-she^y on them the abjectness^w; *tha'leka* (afar-that-it) ^x (is) because that they^z were unbelieving by Allah's *Aya'te^w* (messages/-signs/proofs) and they^z kill¹⁴⁷ the prophets by other than right, *tha'leka* by what disobeyed they^z and were they^z aggressing.

113. Not coequal they^z of the book's folks an *Ummaton^w* (people/community) ^w stander/standing-she^y¹⁴⁸ reciting they^z Allah's *Aya'te^w* (messages/statements) the night's settings/segments/hours and they kowtow.

14. They^z believe by Allah and The Day The Last, and they^z command by the *ma'aroofe* (popularly acceptable and not *Sharey'ah* disapproved maxim) and they^z forbid a'n

أَكْفَرْتُمْ بَعْدَ إِيمَانِكُمْ فَذُوقُوا

الْعَذَابَ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَكْفُرُونَ ﴿١٠٦﴾

وَأَمَّا الَّذِينَ أَبْيَضَتْ وُجُوهُهُمْ فَفِي

رَحْمَةِ اللَّهِ هُمْ فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿١٠٧﴾

تِلْكَ آيَاتُ اللَّهِ نَتْلُوهَا عَلَيْكَ بِالْحَقِّ

وَمَا اللَّهُ يُرِيدُ ظُلْمًا لِّلْعَالَمِينَ ﴿١٠٨﴾

وَلِلَّهِ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ

وَالِى اللَّهِ تُرْجَعُ الْأُمُورُ ﴿١٠٩﴾

كُنْتُمْ خَيْرَ أُمَّةٍ أُخْرِجَتْ لِلنَّاسِ

تَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَتَنْهَوْنَ

عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَلَوْ

ءَامَنَ أَهْلُ الْكِتَابِ لَكَانَ

خَيْرًا لَهُمْ مِّنْهُمْ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ

وَأَكْثَرُهُمُ الْفَاسِقُونَ ﴿١١٠﴾

لَنْ يَضُرُّوكُمْ إِلَّا أَذًى وَإِنْ

يُقَاتِلُوكُمْ يُؤْلُواكُمُ الْأَدْبَارَ ثُمَّ لَا

يُنصِرُونَ ﴿١١١﴾

ضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الذَّلِيلَةُ أَيْنَ مَا ثَقِفُوا

إِلَّا يُخَبِّلُ مِنْ اللَّهِ وَحَبْلٌ مِنْ

النَّاسِ وَبَاءَ وَبَغْضٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ

وَضُرِبَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْمَسْكَنَةُ ذَلِكَ

بَأْنَهُمْ كَانُوا يُكْفُرُونَ بِآيَاتِ اللَّهِ

وَيَقْتُلُونَ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقِّ ذَلِكَ

بِمَا عَصَوْا وَكَانُوا يَعْتَدُونَ ﴿١١٢﴾

لَيْسُوا سَوَاءً مِّنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ

أُمَّةٌ قَائِمَةٌ يَتْلُونَ آيَاتِ اللَّهِ

ءَانَاءَ اللَّيْلِ وَهُمْ يَسْجُدُونَ ﴿١١٣﴾

يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ

وَيَأْمُرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ

¹⁴⁵ That is fleeing in rout!

¹⁴⁶ The word “ثَقِفُوا” rooted in “ثَقَفَ” which stands for several meanings: (1) met, (2) grabbed, (3) sighted due to sharp vision by the seer, that is “أَدْرَكَهُ بَبَصَرُهُ لِحَدَّةٍ فِي النَّظَرِ”, “ظَفَرَ بِهِ”, “صَادَفَ” respectively! See البصائر and اللسان! I chose “met/grabbed” as both seem to apply! Furthermore, when you “grab” some one then that one is surely he is seen and is in “ignominy” as that one is under your control, otherwise he could flee!

¹⁴⁷ The word “kill” here is used in the present/future tense is, and Allah knows best, an epithet for them characterizing them as killers of the prophets at all times! (Reader must bear in mind prophet vis-à-vis messenger)!

¹⁴⁸ The word “Ummaton” in Arabic is a feminine gender. And since “standing” is its qualifier, so it's likewise feminized. Hence [-she] is suffixed to standing, standing ^w! The word “قائمة” could mean: “stander-she!”

(off/ regarding) the *munka're* (rationally/ *Sharey'ah* unacceptable deed/say), and they^z mutually vie in the *khayra'te*¹⁴⁹ (desirable-traits of worthiness and goodness); and those (are) of the *ssa'lebeena* (righteous-people).

115. And what they^z do of *khayren*^x (lawful: goodness/provision/ worship)^x so never (are to be) repudiated they^z it^x and Allah (is) Omniscient by the *muttaqeena* (reverential guards against His displeasure).

116. Verily who^r unbelieved they^z never (shall) enrich¹⁵⁰ a'n¹⁵¹ (off/ regarding) them, their possessions nor their children of Allah a thing; and those (are) the Hell's^w companions; they (are) in it^w immortals.

117. A parable/example (of) whatever they^z expend in this^w life^w (of) the world^w (is) like the parable/example (of) a wind^w in it^w *sserron* (excessive/intense cold/heat) betided-she^y a people's *bartha*^x (tillage/cultivation)^x *dhalamo*¹⁵² (they^z wronged to) their selves,^w then *ablakat* (perished-she^e) it^x; and not *dhalama* (wronged) them Allah [and,] but (to) their selves^w *yadh'leemoona* (they^z were wronging).

118. O you, who^r they^z believed: let-not *tattakhethe*¹⁵³ (you^z take and presume) a *bettanatan*^{*} (confidant) from lesser than/without you^b¹⁵⁴; they^z tarry not (creating for) you^b *khabalan* (mental-derangement); longed¹⁵⁵ they^z what *anetom*¹⁵⁶ (tribulated you^c); *qad* (already and affirmatively) appeared-she^y the *bagh'dha* (intense-hatred)^w from their mouths and what their chests conceal (is) bigger; *qad* (already and affirmatively) We manifested for you^b the *Aya'te*^w (miracles/ signs/ proofs) en (if) you^c were celebrating.

119. Ha you^f these you^z love them and not love you^b they^z; and you^z believe by The Book^x all (of) it^x; and if they^z met/encountered you^b said they^z: we believed; and if they^z secluded they^z bit over you^b the finger-tips¹⁵⁷ from exasperation; let-say [you^s]: let-die you^z by yourⁿ exasperation; verily Allah (is) Omniscient by the chests' [possession].

120. En (if) touches/betides you^b *hasanaton*^w (meritorious-

الْمُنْكَرَ وَيُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْخَيْرَاتِ
وَأُولَئِكَ مِنَ الصَّالِحِينَ ﴿١١٥﴾

وَمَا يَفْعَلُوا مِنْ خَيْرٍ فَلَنْ يُكْفَرُوهُ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١١٦﴾

إِنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَنْ تُغْنِيَ عَنْهُمْ
أَمْوَالُهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ
شَيْئًا وَأُولَئِكَ أَصْحَابُ النَّارِ هُمْ
فِيهَا خَالِدُونَ ﴿١١٧﴾

مَثَلُ مَا يُنْفِقُونَ فِي هَذِهِ الْحَيَاةِ
الدُّنْيَا كَمَثَلِ رِيحٍ فِيهَا صِرٌّ
أَصَابَتْ حَرْثَ قَوْمٍ ظَلَمُوا
أَنْفُسَهُمْ فَأَهْلَكَتْهُ وَمَا ظَلَمَهُمُ
اللَّهُ وَلَكِنْ أَنْفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ﴿١١٨﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَتَّخِذُوا بَطَانَةً
مِنْ دُونِكُمْ لَا يَأْلُونَكُمْ خَبَالًا
وَدُّوا مَا عَنِتُّمْ قَدْ بَدَتِ الْبَغْضَاءُ
مِنْ أَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَمَا تَحْفَى
صُدُورُهُمْ أَكْبَرُ قَدْ بَيَّنَّا لَكُمْ
الْآيَاتِ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ تَعْقِلُونَ ﴿١١٩﴾

هَتَأْتُمْ أَوْلِيَاءَ تَحِبُّونَهُمْ وَلَا تَحِبُّونَكُمْ
وَتُؤْمِنُونَ بِالْكِتَابِ كُلِّهِ وَإِذَا لَقُوكُمْ
قَالُوا آمَنَّا وَإِذَا خَلَوْا عَضُّوا عَلَيْكُمْ
الْأَنَامِلَ مِنَ الْغَيْظِ قُلْ مُؤْتُوا بِغَيْظِكُمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿١٢٠﴾

إِنْ تَمَسَّسَكُمْ حَسَنَةٌ تَسُؤْهُمْ وَإِنْ

¹⁴⁹ That is to attain them!

¹⁵⁰ The word “تَغْنِي” has double meanings: (1) *enriches*, (2) *suffices*! But “enriches” includes suffice and not vice versa! As “enriches” makes rich or richer, makes fuller, more meaningful, or more rewarding whereas “suffices” meets the present needs of a specific task! Hence “enriches” is superior!

¹⁵¹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the various meanings of the prepositional letter “عن”!

¹⁵² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for “ظالم” = “فاعل الظلم” = “injustice-doer” and “أظلم” = “wronger”!

¹⁵³ The word “اتَّخَذَ” from “الِاتِّخَاذُ” which is “إِفْتِعَالٌ” for “الِاتِّخَاذُ”, as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, “اتَّخَذَ” is always taking and presuming some thing of what was taken! Thus, it is not just the mere taking!

* See the difference between a and b by referring to S9:16!

¹⁵⁴ This means and Allah know best, outside your Muslim community, i.e. not from among the non-Muslims.

¹⁵⁵ The word “وَدُّوا”, translated as “longed they^z” means an earnest, heartfelt desire, especially for something beyond reach! That is to say: what many long for is not going to happen!

¹⁵⁶ That is they love that which befalls you/your community of any hardship which is most difficult for youⁿ to handle i.e. yourⁿ tribulation!!

¹⁵⁷ The expression “bit they^z over you^s the finger tips from exasperation” is one of the Arabic tongue expressions, meaning: out of sorrow, frustration and rage, they bite their finger tips! However as in another Ayah “bites on his both hands” (S25:27) means out of rage!

deed)^w (i^w) displeases them; and *en*(i^f) betides you^b a *sayyeaton^w* (demeritorious-deed)^w they^z exult/rejoice by it^w; and *en*(i^f) *tassbero* (you^z hold on patiently) and *tattaqo* (you^z reverentially guard not to displease Allah) not harm you^b their scheme a thing; verily Allah by what they^z work (i^z) Surrounders.

تُصِيبُكُمْ سَيِّئَةٌ يَفْرَحُوا بِهَا وَإِنْ
تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا لَا يَضُرُّكُمْ
كَيْدُهُمْ شَيْئًا إِنَّ اللَّهَ بِمَا
يَعْمَلُونَ مُحِيطٌ ﴿١٢١﴾

121. And *edh* (when) *ghadamata* (you^s went at-daybreak) from your^t household/family *tobanwe'o* ([you^s] deservedly *ensconcing/installing*) the believers' posts for fighting, and Allah (i^s) *Sa'meeon*¹⁵⁸ (Acute-Hearer/Enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer to prayer), Omniscient.

وَإِذْ غَدَوْتَ مِنْ أَهْلِكَ تُبَوِّئُ
الْمُؤْمِنِينَ مَقْعِدَ لِقَالٍ وَاللَّهُ
سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ ﴿١٢٢﴾

122. *Edh* (when) *purposed-she'* a *ta'efa'tan^w* (twain: group/faction/parties)^w of you^b to both dishearten, while Allah (i^s) *Wa'leyyo* (Guardian/Ally) (of) them both; and on Allah so let-trust the believers.

إِذْ هَمَّتْ طَائِفَتَانِ مِنْكُمْ أَنْ
تَفْشَلَا وَاللَّهُ وَلِيُّهَا وَعَلَى اللَّهِ
فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٢٣﴾

123. And *laqad* (verily, already and affirmatively) succored you^b Allah by¹⁵⁹ *Badren* while you^f (were) *athellaton*¹⁶⁰ (they who are humbled and subdued); so *ettaqo* (let reverentially guard you^z not to displease) Allah, *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^b (to) thank you^z.

وَلَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ بِدَرٍّ وَأَنْتُمْ أَذِلَّةٌ
فَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تَشْكُرُونَ ﴿١٢٤﴾

124. When say [you^s] for the believers: is never sufficing you^b to supply you^b yourⁿ Lord by three thousands of the angels (having been made) descenders.

إِذْ تَقُولُ لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ أَلَنْ يَكْفِيَكُمْ أَنْ
يُمَدِّدَ رَبُّكُمْ بِثَلَاثَةِ آلَافٍ مِنَ
الْمَلَائِكَةِ مُنَزَّلِينَ ﴿١٢٥﴾

125. *Bala*¹⁶¹ (certainly-not); *en* (i^f) *tassbero* (you^z hold on patiently) and *tattaqo* (you^z reverentially guard not to displease Allah) and they^z approach you^b of their ire/rush¹⁶² this^x, supplies you^b yourⁿ Lord by five thousands of the angels *musanwemeena* (each having *signum* and their horses too).

بَلَىٰ إِنْ تَصْبِرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا وَيَأْتُوكُم
مِّنْ فَوْرِهِمْ هَذَا يُمَدِّدْكُمْ رَبُّكُمْ
بِخَمْسَةِ آلَافٍ مِنَ الْمَلَائِكَةِ
مُسَوِّمِينَ ﴿١٢٦﴾

126. And not made it¹⁶³ Allah except a *bushra^w* (a pleasing-tiding)^w¹⁶⁴ for you^b; and to tranquilize by it^x yourⁿ hearts; and the triumph (i^s) not except from *ende* (springing from/by Rule of) Allah, The Mighty, The Hakeeme¹⁶⁵ (infinite hekma)¹⁶⁶ Possessor).

وَمَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ إِلَّا بُشْرَىٰ لَكُمْ
وَلِتَطْمَئِنَّ قُلُوبُكُمْ بِهِ وَمَا النَّصْرُ
إِلَّا مِنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ الْعَزِيزِ الْحَكِيمِ ﴿١٢٧﴾

127. To sever [He] end/part of whom^t unbelieved they^z, or [to He] repress them; so they^z transpose¹⁶⁷ *kha'ebeena*¹⁶⁸ (they who are disappointed-failures).

لِيَقْطَعَ طَرَفًا مِّنَ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَوْ
يَكْبِتَهُمْ فَيَنْقَلِبُوا خَاطِبِينَ ﴿١٢٨﴾

¹⁵⁸ See an elaboration of the word "Sameed" see the Lexicon attached to this Translation!

¹⁵⁹ The word "by" here means: because of!

¹⁶⁰ The word "athellaton" is plural, masculine, subjective noun, meaning: they who are humbled and subdued!

¹⁶¹ The word "bala" = "certainly-not" is absolutely not synonymous to "yes" = "نعم", see the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration!

¹⁶² The word "فورهم" rooted in "فار" for water when it boils over the rim of its pot and the beginning of anything! Then figuratively the word was borrowed to mean strong anger or strong wrath of a person or group or any entity! Afterwards it was figuratively generalized to mean the immediacy or urgency of situation which does or cannot stand any delay! Thus, the meaning here, and Allah knows best, rush, sudden commencement, gush of the enemy! See *الالوسي* for good exposition of this concept!

¹⁶³ The pronoun "هـ" in "جعله" refers to the "supply^x of the angel" by Allah!

¹⁶⁴ Here again there is no single word in English for the noun "بُشْرَى" so we resort to transliteration and parenthetical explanation! So, *bushra* (a pleasing-tiding)! And "بُشْرَى" unlike its verbal conjugates, throughout The Qur'an always use it for the "khairey" (desirables, goodnesses, worthinesses)!

¹⁶⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم" and "الحكيم"

¹⁶⁶ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma!"

¹⁶⁷ That is repair or return!

128. Not for you^g of the matter a thing, either relents [He] on them or [He] punishes them, so verily they (are) *dha'lemoona*¹⁶⁹ (injustice-doers).

129. And for Allah what (are) in the Heavens^w and what (are) in the Earth^w; [He] forgives for whom^p [He] wills and torments [He] whom^p [He] wills; and Allah (is) *Ghafooron* (iterative Forgiver) *Rabeemon* (iterative mercy Giver).

130. O you, who^r they^z believed let-not eat* you^z the usury doubles (as it had been made) manyfold¹⁷⁰; and *ettaqo* (let reverentially guard you^r not to displease) Allah, *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^b prosper.

131. And *ettaqo* (let reverentially self-protect you^r from) The Fire^w which^u (had been) prepared-she^v for the unbelievers.

132. And let-obey you^r: Allah and the messenger, *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you^b *turbamoona* (you^r be mercy-given).

133. And let-mutually vie you^z to a forgiveness^w from yourⁿ Lord and a Paradise^w its^w *aardh*^x (width/expanse)^x (is) the Heavens^w and the Earth's^w [it^w] (had been) prepared-she^v for the *muttageena* (reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure).

134. Who^r they^z expend in [the] felicity and [the] adversity, and the exasperation suppressors, and the pardoners *a'n* (regarding) the mankind, and Allah loves the benefactors.

135. And who^r if did they^z a profanity^w¹⁷¹ or *dhalamo*¹⁷² (they^r wronged) their selves^w they^z remembered Allah then *estaghfaro*¹⁷³ (they^r sought-forgiveness) for their offenses; and who^a [He] forgives the offenses except Allah; and not insist they^z on what they^z did while they know.

136. Those their requital (is) forgiveness^w from their Lord and paradises^w/gardens^w run^w from under it^w the rivers immortals they^z (are) in it^w and *ne'ama* (most excellent) (is) the workers' remuneration.

لَيْسَ لَكَ مِنَ الْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ أَوْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ أَوْ يُعَذِّبَهُمْ فَإِنَّهُمْ ظَالِمُونَ ﴿١٢٨﴾

وَاللَّهُ مَا فِي السَّمَوَاتِ وَمَا فِي الْأَرْضِ يَغْفِرُ لِمَن يَشَاءُ وَيُعَذِّبُ مَن يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ﴿١٢٩﴾

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَأْكُلُوا الرِّبَا أَضْعَافًا مُّضَاعَفَةً وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿١٣٠﴾

وَاتَّقُوا النَّارَ الَّتِي أُعِدَّتْ لِلْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٣١﴾

وَاطِيعُوا اللَّهَ وَالرَّسُولَ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ ﴿١٣٢﴾

وَسَارِعُوا إِلَى مَغْفِرَةٍ مِّن رَّبِّكُمْ وَجَنَّةٍ عَرْضُهَا السَّمَوَاتُ وَالْأَرْضُ أُعِدَّتْ لِلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٣٣﴾

الَّذِينَ يُنْفِقُونَ فِي السَّرَّاءِ وَالضَّرَّاءِ وَالْكُظُمِينَ الْغَيْظِ وَالْعَافِينَ عَنِ النَّاسِ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٣٤﴾

وَالَّذِينَ إِذَا فَعَلُوا فَحِشَةً أَوْ ظَلَمُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ ذَكَرُوا اللَّهَ فَاسْتَغْفَرُوا لِذُنُوبِهِمْ وَمَن يَغْفِرِ الذُّنُوبَ إِلَّا اللَّهُ وَلَمْ يُصِرُّوا عَلَىٰ مَا فَعَلُوا وَهُمْ يَعْلَمُونَ ﴿١٣٥﴾

أُولَٰئِكَ جَزَاؤُهُم مَّغْفِرَةٌ مِّن رَّبِّهِمْ وَجَنَّاتٌ تَجْرِي مِن تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا وَنِعْمَ أَجْرُ الْعَامِلِينَ ﴿١٣٦﴾

¹⁶⁸ The word “خَابِينَ” = “kha'been” is a plural for “خاب” = “kha'eb” which is a singular subjective noun, for which there is no exact English equivalent per se, meaning he who is disappointed or he who failed!

¹⁶⁹ The “ظالمون” = “the injustice-doer,” as “الظلم” = “injustice!” See footnote 148 below!

* Here “eat” means legitimize/make legitimate! أكل مال الغير = اجتازه لنفسه = ate other's funds legitimized other's funds for own self!

¹⁷⁰ The word “مضاعفة” means: manyfold; because the word “ضعف” = “double,” and is the minimum of a double, but once “مضاعفة” goes more than the minimum, so it is unlimited! See اللسان!

¹⁷¹ The word “فاحشة” = “profanity” means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, or any of Allah's proscriptions! Some times the word “فاحشة” is euphemistically used to mean adultery or fornication!

¹⁷² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for “ظالم” = “فاعل الظلم” = “injustice-doer” and “ظلم” = “wronged!”

¹⁷³ The word istaghfara = استغفروا in “استغفروا” = “طلبوا الغفران” = “[they] sought forgiveness!” In English there is no seemly way to say: “استغفروا” per se! So I settled for saying: “sought forgiveness!” they^z

137. <i>Qad</i> (already and affirmatively) ceded-by-she ^y of before you ^b dispensations ^{w174} ; so let-tread you ^z in the land ^w then let-look you ^z how was the deniers' consequence ^w .	قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ سُنَنٌ فَسِيرُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ فَانظُرُوا كَيْفَ كَانَ عَاقِبَةُ الْمُكْذِبِينَ ﴿١٣٧﴾
138. This (<i>is</i>) a declaration for the mankind and a divine-guidance ¹⁷⁵ and an exhortation ^{w176} for the <i>muttageena</i> (reverential guarders against Allah's displeasure).	هَذَا بَيَانٌ لِلنَّاسِ وَهُدًى وَمَوْعِظَةٌ لِّلْمُتَّقِينَ ﴿١٣٨﴾
139. And let not <i>ta'hey</i> ^{no177} (you ^z : weaken, love the world and have a dislike for death in the cause of Allah) and let-not sadden you ^z while you ^f (are) the <i>a'alawna</i> (uttermosts/uppermost-ones) <i>en</i> (if) you ^c were believers.	وَلَا تَهِنُوا وَلَا تَحْزَنُوا وَأَنْتُمْ الْأَعْلَوْنَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٣٩﴾
140. <i>En</i> (if) touches/betides you ^z an ulcer ^x so <i>qad</i> (already and affirmatively) touched/betided the people an ulcer like it ^x ; and <i>telka^w</i> (<i>she-that-afar-it/ those^w</i>) (are) the days ^x [We] alternate it ^x among the mankind; and in-order (for) Allah (to) know ¹⁷⁸ whom ^r they ^z believed and <i>yatta-kebetha¹⁷⁹</i> ([He] takes and makes) of you ^z witnesses-/testifiers; and Allah loves not the <i>dha'lemeena¹⁸⁰</i> (injustice-doers).	إِنْ يَمَسُّكُمْ قَرْحٌ فَقَدْ مَسَّ الْقَوْمَ قَرْحٌ مِّثْلَهُ ۚ وَتِلْكَ الْأَيَّامُ نُدَاوِلُهَا بَيْنَ النَّاسِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَيَتَّخِذَ مِنْكُمْ شُهَدَاءَ ۚ وَاللَّهُ لَا يُحِبُّ الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٤٠﴾
141. And to <i>youmabbessa</i> (rid of the sins) Allah who ^r they ^z believed and [to] obliterate [He] the unbelievers.	وَلِيُمَحِّصَ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا وَيَمْحَقَ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٤١﴾
142. Or reckoned you ^c that you ^z enter the Paradise ^w while <i>lamma¹⁸¹</i> (not yet) knew Allah whom ^r <i>jahado¹⁸²</i> (they earnestly exerted their utmost mental, physical and possessional efforts fighting/striving in Allah's cause) of you ^b and knows [He] the <i>ssa'bereena</i> (people of patience).	أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُدْخِلُوا الْجَنَّةَ وَلَمَّا يَعْلَمِ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ جَاهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ وَيَعْلَمَ الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٤٢﴾
143. And <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) you ^c were longing the death ^x from before that you ^z meet-/encounter it ^x ; so <i>qad</i> (verily and affirmatively) you ^c saw it ^x while you ^f look.	وَلَقَدْ كُنْتُمْ تَمَنَّوْنَ الْمَوْتَ مِنْ قَبْلِ أَنْ تَلْقَوْهُ فَقَدْ رَأَيْتُمُوهُ وَأَنْتُمْ تَنْظُرُونَ ﴿١٤٣﴾

¹⁷⁴ The word "sonun" = "سُنَنٌ" plural for "سُنَّةٌ" means dispensation (commands believed to be divinely appointed), or an example, Laws, or ordinances.

¹⁷⁵ This is reference to The *Qur'an The Supreme*; thus, it is *not just any guidance per se*, but *the aright-guidance period*!

¹⁷⁶ The word "موعظة" rooted in "وعظ" = "exhorted" or "admonished," could mean: *exhortation* or *admonition*!

¹⁷⁷ The word "تهنوا" is rooted in "وهن" فوهن أي ضعف، أو صار به وهناً

و الوهن هو الضعف و عدم القدرة على بذل الجهد.

و الوهن أيضاً، كما حدده صلى الله عليه وسلم، هو حب الدنيا و كراهية الموت في سبيل الله!

و وهن أي صار وهناً أو واهناً أي ضعيف لا يقوى على بذل الجهد. لذلك وهن و وهن كل واحدة توصل المعنى ذاته. أنظر الهادي.

Therefore, the word "تهنوا" linguistically has several meanings, relevant to us here are: "(1) weaken not you. (2) You love not the world and have a dislike for death in the cause of Allah's cause!" In English there is no way to express the word "تهنوا" in one word per se! Hence, "تهنوا" is best rendered, in my opinion as indicated above.

¹⁷⁸ It must be noted here that this "for Allah to know" is *not* in fact Allah does *not* know, *absolutely not*! That is because Allah possesses *absolute foreknowledge*, i.e. He knows every thing *before, during and after they happen*. So, this fact is *to establish public knowledge* of whatever happened, so that the *doer and all relevant people will know or bear witness* that the *deed did happen* and the *doer cannot disclaim* it.

¹⁷⁹ The word "اتخذ" from "إِتْخَاذٌ" which is "إِفْتَعَالٌ" for "الْإِتْخَاذُ," as stated in لسان العرب; therefore, "إِتْخَذَ" is *always* taking and presuming some thing of what was taken! Thus, it is *not* just the mere *taking*!

¹⁸⁰ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!"

¹⁸¹ The particle "لَمَّا" has many functions, such as: it enters on the *present tense* and *makes it past tense*, and *negates it*! It also could mean a particle of exception, i.e.: "*but*!" See القرطبي ومغني اللبيب

¹⁸² The word "Jahado" = "جاهدوا" = they earnestly exerted their utmost mental, physical, and possessional efforts fighting/striving in Allah's cause! However, the word "جاهد" is root word for "Jehad," which has *several* meanings: (1) stood fast to *submit* him/her self to Allah's *criteria of prescription and proscriptions*, i.e. according to the *Sharey'ah Law*; (2) fought in the cause of Allah; (3) fought to defend the personal honor, property, relatives, home, or fellow Muslim!

144. And not <i>Mohammadon</i> (<i>Mohammad</i>) except a messenger <i>qad</i> (<i>already and affirmatively</i>) ceded-by-she ¹⁸³ of before him the messengers ^x ; has <i>en</i> (<i>if</i>) [<i>he</i>] died or (<i>had been</i>) killed [<i>he</i>], transposed ¹⁸⁴ you ^c over your ⁿ heels ¹⁸⁵ ; and whoever [<i>he</i>] transposes over his heels, then never harms [<i>he</i>] Allah a thing; and shall requite Allah the thankers.	وَمَا مُحَمَّدٌ إِلَّا رَسُولٌ قَدْ خَلَتْ مِنْ قَبْلِهِ الرُّسُلُ أَفَلَنْ مَاتَ أَوْ قُتِلَ انْقَلَبْتُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ وَمَنْ يَنْقَلِبْ عَلَى عَقْبَيْهِ فَلَنْ يَضُرَّ اللَّهَ شَيْئًا وَسَيَجْزِي اللَّهُ الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤٤﴾
145. And was not for a self ^w to die except by Allah's leave, a book <i>mo'ajjalan</i> ¹⁸⁶ (<i>that which had been made term-limited</i>); and whoever [<i>he</i>] wants the world's ^w reward ^x <i>nua'tebe</i> (<i>[We] accord/allot him</i>) of it ^w ; and whoever [<i>he</i>] wants the Hereafter's ^w reward ^x <i>nua'tebe</i> of it ^w ; and [<i>We</i>] shall requite the thankers.	وَمَا كَانَ لِنَفْسٍ أَنْ تَمُوتَ إِلَّا بِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ كَتَبْنَا مُؤَجَّلًا وَمَنْ يَرِدْ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا وَمَنْ يَرِدْ ثَوَابَ الْآخِرَةِ نُؤْتِهِ مِنْهَا وَسَنَجْزِي الشَّاكِرِينَ ﴿١٤٥﴾
146. And <i>ka'ayyen</i> (<i>how many</i>) of a prophet fought with him <i>rebbeyouna</i> ¹⁸⁷ (<i>followers of men of knowledge</i>) many; so not <i>wahano</i> ¹⁸⁸ (<i>they: weakened/loved the world and disliked death in Allah's cause</i>) for what betided them in Allah's path, and not they ^z weakened, and not <i>estakana</i> ¹⁸⁹ (<i>quiescently submitted they^r</i>); and Allah loves the <i>ssa'bereena</i> (<i>people of patience</i>).	وَكَايْنٍ مِنْ نَبِيِّ قَتَلَ مَعَهُ رَبِّيُونَ كَثِيرٌ فَمَا وَهَنُوا لِمَا أَصَابَهُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَمَا ضَعُفُوا وَمَا اسْتَكَانُوا وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الصَّابِرِينَ ﴿١٤٦﴾
147. And not was their say except that said they ^z : (O), our Lord: let-forgive for us [<i>You^s</i>] our offenses and our excess in our matter; and let-firm our feet [<i>You^s</i>], and let-succor us [<i>You^s</i>] over the people, the unbelievers.	وَمَا كَانَ قَوْلُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْ قَالُوا رَبَّنَا اغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَإِسْرَافَنَا فِي أَمْرِنَا وَثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَنَا وَانصُرْنَا عَلَى الْقَوْمِ الْكَافِرِينَ ﴿١٤٧﴾
148. Then <i>aa'tabum</i> (<i>accorded/allotted them</i>) Allah the world's ^w reward and <i>husno</i> ¹⁹⁰ (<i>ultimately meritorious beautiful</i>) reward ¹⁹¹ (<i>of</i>) the Hereafter; and Allah loves the benefactors.	فَأَتَيْنَهُمُ اللَّهُ ثَوَابَ الدُّنْيَا وَحُسْنَ ثَوَابِ الْآخِرَةِ وَاللَّهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُحْسِنِينَ ﴿١٤٨﴾
149. O you, who ^r they ^z believed <i>en</i> (<i>if</i>) you ^z obey who ^r unbelieved they ^z <i>yarrodokum</i> ¹⁹² (<i>they^r forthwith-return you^b</i>) over your ⁿ heels then you ^z transpose losers.	يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا إِن تَطِيعُوا الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا يَرْدُوكُمْ عَلَى أَعْقَابِكُمْ فَتَنْقَلِبُوا خَاسِرِينَ ﴿١٤٩﴾
150. Rather Allah (<i>is</i>) your ⁿ Guardian and He (<i>is</i>) <i>kbayro</i> (<i>choicer/ superior/ worthier</i>) (<i>of</i>) the succorers.	بَلِ اللَّهُ مَوْلَاكُمْ وَهُوَ خَيْرُ النَّاصِرِينَ ﴿١٥٠﴾
151. [<i>We</i>] shall throw in hearts (<i>of</i>) whom ^r they ^z unbelieved the fright for what they ^z partnered (<i>other deities</i>) by	سَنُلْقِي فِي قُلُوبِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا

¹⁸³ In Arabic grammar, broken-plural is referred to / denoted by feminizing-denotative suffix="ت التانيث"=she^y! As the word "messengers" is a broken-plural so imperatively it's denoted by she^y; hence went-by-she^y! See the Prelude!

¹⁸⁴ The word "انقلبتم" = "you^r transposed," means you betook your selves reverting!

¹⁸⁵ The phrase "transposed over your heels" in this great Ayah is Arabic tongue expression, meaning: you returned to where you came from in a hurry!

¹⁸⁶ The word "المؤجل" means term-limit, so "مؤجلا" = "(had) been term-limited," see اللسان!

¹⁸⁷ The word "rebbeyoun" = "ربيون" according to at-Tabari and others, "rebbeyoun" = "ربيون" means many multitudes; and Ibn Abbas, at-Tabari narrates, multitudes, or men of knowledge! Whereas others, again at-Tabari narrates: "rebbeyoun" = "ربيون" means followers versus "ربانيون" meaning the chiefs!

¹⁸⁸ See footnote 175 above regarding "اتهنوا"

¹⁸⁹ The word "استكانوا" involves several facts: submission, quiet and remaining still! See الهادي! So submission by itself suffices not, hence the prefix of quiescently!

¹⁹⁰ Some linguists suggest that الحسن is for the face while الجمال is for the parts of the body and other things! See الهادي

¹⁹¹ "The Hereafter's beauty-reward" is either Allah's pleasure or the Paradise or both!

¹⁹² The word "يردوكم" is rooted in "رد" meaning forthwith returned; example the greeting must be "forthwith returned," as in: "And when (had) been greeted you^z by a greeting,^w then let-you^z greet by better than it^w or let-you^z forthwith-return it.^w" (S4: 86)!

Allah, what not *younazzel* ([He] recurrently descended) by it^x an authority^x; and their abode/lodging (*is*) the Fire^w and wretched (*is*) *mathwa**¹⁹³ (forced: long-term/semi-permanent-abode) (of) the *dha'lemeena*¹⁹⁴ (injustice-doers).

152. And *laqad* (verily, already and affirmatively) *ssadaqakum* (always-enforced-the-truth with you^b) Allah His promise; *edh* (when) *tabossana*¹⁹⁵ [you^f] exterminate) them by His leave; until *edha* (whereas) you^c failed and you^c mutually altercated in the matter and disobeyed you^c from after what [He] showed you^b what you^z like; of you^b who^p [he] wants the world^w and of you^b who^p [he] wants the Hereafter^w; afterwards [He] dispersed you^b a'n (off) them to essay you^b [He]; and *laqad* (verily, already and affirmatively) pardoned [He] a'n¹⁹⁶ (regarding) you^b; and Allah (*is*) munificence-possessor on the believers.

153. *Edh* (when) you^z ascend¹⁹⁷ and not swerve¹⁹⁸ you^z on an *ahaden*¹⁹⁹ (a lone/any one); and the messenger summons you^b in yourⁿ last^{w200} then [He] rewarded you^b afflicter by an afflicter²⁰¹ so that not sadden you^z over what you^b missed and nor what betided you^b; and Allah (*is*) Proficient by what you^z work.

154. Afterwards [He] descended on you^b from after the afflicter a security^w a drowsiness^x over-laying a *ta'efa'tan*^w (a group/faction/party) of you^b; and a *ta'efa'tan*^w *qad* (already and affirmatively) worried^w them their selves^w they^z presume by Allah other than the right presumption (of) the *jahileyatey*^{w202} (acting ignorantly or incorrectly/ or by rule of pre-Islamic era)^w; say they^z: is for us of the matter^x of a thing; let-say [you^s]: verily the matter^x all of it^x (*is*) for Allah; they^z hide in their selves^w what not they^z disclose/flash for you^g; they^z say: if [was] for us of the matter^x a thing, not (*had been*) killed we ha-here; let-say [you^s] if you^c were in yourⁿ houses, surely come forth who^r (*it was*) written on them the killing to their *madha'je'a* (places of reposing while on their sides/places of repose); and for Allah (*to*) essay what (*is*) in yourⁿ chests; and for *younabbessa* (rid

الرُّعْبَ بِمَا أَشْرَكُوا بِاللَّهِ مَا لَمْ يُنَزَّلْ بِهِ سُلْطَانًا وَمَأْوَهُمُ النَّارُ

وَيَسْئَلُ مَثْوَى الظَّالِمِينَ ﴿١٥٢﴾

وَلَقَدْ صَدَقَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَعْدَهُ إِذْ تَحُسُونَهُمْ بِأَذْنِهِ إِذَا فَشِلْتُمْ وَتَنَزَّعْتُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ وَعَصَيْتُم مِّن بَعْدِ مَا أَرْسَلْنَاكُمْ مِّنكُمْ مَّن يُرِيدُ الدُّنْيَا وَمِنْكُمْ مَّن يُرِيدُ الْآخِرَةَ ثُمَّ صَرَفَكُمْ عَنْهُمْ لِيَبْتَلِيَكُمْ وَلَقَدْ عَفَا عَنْكُمْ وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٥٣﴾

إِذْ تَصْعَدُونَ وَلَا تَلُوبُونَ عَلَى أَحَدٍ وَالرَّسُولُ يَدْعُوكُمْ فِي أَخْرَجِكُمْ فَأَتَيْتُكُمْ غَمًّا بَغَمًا لِّكَيْلًا تَحْزَنُوا عَلَى مَا فَاتَكُمْ وَلَا مَا أَصَابَكُمْ وَاللَّهُ خَبِيرٌ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٥٤﴾

ثُمَّ أُنْزِلَ عَلَيْكُمْ مِّن بَعْدِ الْغَمِّ أَمْنٌ نَّعَاسًا يَغْشَى طَائِفَةً مِّنكُمْ وَطَائِفَةٌ قَدْ أَهَمَّتْهُمْ أَنفُسُهُمْ يَظُنُّونَ بِاللَّهِ غَيْرَ الْحَقِّ ظَنَّ الْجَاهِلِيَّةِ يَقُولُونَ هَل لَّنَا مِنَ الْأَمْرِ مِن شَيْءٍ قُلْ إِنْ الْأَمْرُ كُلُّهُ لِلَّهِ يَخْفَوْنَ فِي أَنفُسِهِمْ مَا لَا يُبْدُونَ لَكَ يَقُولُونَ لَوْ كَانَ لَنَا مِنَ الْأَمْرِ شَيْءٌ مَا قُتِلْنَا هَاهُنَا قُلْ لَوْ كُنْتُمْ فِي بُيُوتِكُمْ لَبَرَزَ الَّذِينَ كُتِبَ عَلَيْهِمُ الْقَتْلُ إِلَى مَضَاجِعِهِمْ وَلِيَبْتَلِيَ اللَّهُ مَا فِي صُدُورِكُمْ

¹⁹³ In "اللسان": "مَثْوَى" = هَلِكْ; and "مَثْوَى" in The Qur'an overwhelmingly is joined with Hell! So, whoever is in the "مَثْوَى" is there by force of his/her circumstances and not by his/her choice *per se*! So, *mathwa*-abode is an obligatory one and so "forced: long-term/semi-permanent-abode" seems to me rather appropriate!

¹⁹⁴ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!" See footnote 148 below!

¹⁹⁵ The word "تَحْسُونَهُمْ" is rooted in "حاس" = "حاس" which has many meanings: (1) exterminate; i.e. kill to destroy, applicable here; (2) felt and knew; (3) felt compassionate towards; (4) possessed strong sense of feelings towards some-one or thing!

¹⁹⁶ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the various meanings of the prepositional letter "عن!"

¹⁹⁷ The word "تَصْعَدُونَ" strictly speaking means *you* ascend, while the way could be level or higher in altitude!

¹⁹⁸ That is you turn around to see or look at!

¹⁹⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding "أحد"

²⁰⁰ It is stated in Al-Bukharey "تَأْتِيَتْ أَخْرَجَكُمْ" = "أَخْرَجَكُمْ" that is feminizing the last of you! See القرطبي!

²⁰¹ There are many interpretations with respect to: "rewarded you^g [He] an afflicter by an afflicter," among them is: you have afflicted the messenger (SAWS) so Allah has afflicted you!

²⁰² The word "جاهلية" = "jahileyatey" is rooted in "جهل" meaning: (1) was ignorant of, (2) believed in some thing contrary to reality, (3) did some thing not correct! So the "jahileyatey" is acting ignorantly or incorrectly, or by rule of pre-Islamic era!

of the sins) Allah what (is) in your ⁿ hearts; and Allah (is) Omniscient by the chests' possession.	وَلِيَمَّحَصِرَ مَا فِي قُلُوبِكُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ بِذَاتِ الصُّدُورِ ﴿١٥٥﴾
155. Verily who ^r they ^z shifted/diverted of you ^b day met the <i>ja'm'aan</i> (the twain opponent: hosts/multitudes) verily only the Satan <i>estazalla</i> ²⁰³ (affirmably-slipped) them by some (of) what earned they ^z ; and <i>laqad</i> (verily, already and affirmatively) pardoned Allah a'n (regarding) them; verily Allah (is) <i>Ghafooron</i> (iterative Forgiver) Forbearer.	إِنَّ الَّذِينَ تَوَلَّوْا مِنْكُمْ يَوْمَ الْتَقَى الْجَمْعَانِ إِنَّمَا اسْتَزَلَّهُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ بِبَعْضِ مَا كَسَبُوا وَلَقَدْ عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ حَلِيمٌ ﴿١٥٦﴾
156. O, you, who ^r they ^z believed: let-not be you ^z like whom ^r unbelieved they ^z and said they ^z for their brothers <i>edha</i> ²⁰⁴ (when-then) struck they ^z in the land ^w or they ^z were <i>ghuzzan</i> ²⁰⁵ (are being in a special military expedition) if they ^z were <i>endana</i> (by or among: us) not died they ^z and nor (had been) killed they ^z ; to make Allah <i>tha'leka</i> (afar-that-it) ^x <i>hasratan</i> ^{w206} (ardent contrition) ^w in their hearts; and Allah quickens and [He] deadens ²⁰⁷ ; and Allah by what you ^z work (is) <i>Ba'sseeron</i> (keen: Seer/comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences).	يَتَّيِّبُهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا لَا تَكُونُوا كَالَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا وَقَالُوا لِإِخْوَانِهِمْ إِذَا ضَرَبُوا فِي الْأَرْضِ أَوْ كَانُوا غَزَى لَوْ كَانُوا عِنْدَنَا مَا مَاتُوا وَمَا قُتِلُوا لِيَجْعَلَ اللَّهُ ذَلِكَ حَسْرَةً فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ يُخَيِّئُ وَيُمَيِّتُ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ بَصِيرٌ ﴿١٥٧﴾
157. And surely <i>en</i> (albeit) (had been) killed you ^c in Allah's path or died you ^c surely a forgiveness ^w from Allah and a mercy ^w (are) <i>khayron</i> (choicer/superior/worthier) (than) [of] what gather they ^z .	وَلَيْنَ قُتِلْتُمْ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ مُتِمَّمَا لِمَغْفِرَةٍ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَحْمَةً خَيْرٌ مِّمَّا يَجْمَعُونَ ﴿١٥٨﴾
158. And indeed <i>en</i> (if) died you ^c or (had been) killed you ^c surely to Allah (are to be) thronged you ^z .	وَلَيْنَ مُتَمِّمٌ أَوْ قُتِلْتُمْ لَإِلَى اللَّهِ تَحْشُرُونَ ﴿١٥٩﴾
159. So by indeed ²⁰⁸ a mercy ^w from Allah softened you ^g for them; and if you ^g were rude, harsh (in) [the] heart ²⁰⁹ surely (would have) dispersed they ^z from around you ^g ; so let-pardon [you ^s] a'n (regarding) them and <i>estaghfer</i> ²¹⁰ (let-[you ^s] seek-forgiveness) for them and <i>sha'wer'hum</i> (let-[you ^s] counsel with them) in the matter; then if resolved you ^g then let-trust [you ^s] on Allah; verily Allah loves the trusters.	فَبِمَا رَحْمَةٍ مِّنَ اللَّهِ لِنْتَ لَهُمْ وَلَوْ كُنْتَ فَظًا غَلِيظَ الْقَلْبِ لَأَنَّفَضُوا مِنْ حَوْلِكَ فَاعْفُ عَنْهُمْ وَاسْتَغْفِرْ لَهُمْ وَشَاوِرْهُمْ فِي الْأَمْرِ فَإِذَا عَزَمْتَ فَتَوَكَّلْ عَلَى اللَّهِ إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَوَكِّلِينَ ﴿١٦٠﴾
160. <i>En</i> (if) succors you ^b Allah then no an overcomeer [for] ²¹¹ you ^b ; and <i>en</i> disappoints you ^b [He] so who ^a <i>tha</i> ²¹² (near he-one) who ^x succors you ^b from after Him; and on Allah then let-trust the believers.	إِنْ يَنْصُرْكُمُ اللَّهُ فَلَا غَالِبَ لَكُمْ وَإِنْ يَخْذَلْكُمْ فَمَنْ ذَا الَّذِي يَنْصُرْكُم مِّنْ بَعْدِهِ وَعَلَى اللَّهِ فَلْيَتَوَكَّلِ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾

²⁰³ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word!

²⁰⁴ This “إِذَا” is not a conditional article, See اعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي!

²⁰⁵ The word “غَزَى” i.e. people engaged in a “غَزْوَة” = a military expedition led by the Prophet, Mohammad (SAWS).

²⁰⁶ The word “حَسْرَة” is “أشد الندم” see التاج! Thus we qualify the word “contrition” by ardent to indicate such strength of contrition!

²⁰⁷ The word “أَمَات” in “يُمَيِّتُ” is the transitive verb to deprive of life! See Merriam Webster's Unabridged Dictionary!

²⁰⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation regarding المصدريه!

²⁰⁹ That is if you were coarse-bearded.

²¹⁰ The word “استغفر” = “اطلب الغفران” = “let-seek forgiveness [you^s]!” In English there is no seemly way to say: “استغفر” per se! So I settled for saying: “let-seek forgiveness [you^s]!”

²¹¹ That is that could come against you!

²¹² The particle “ذَا” has many meanings, of relevance here is “اسم الإشارة” = the demonstrative pronoun for near, singular, masculine, animate or inanimate! It is subject to be affixed to other letters which really designate exactly its implication! For example when “هـ” is prefixed to it, it becomes “هَذَا” = “this!”

161. And was not for a prophet to <i>yaghbulla</i> ²¹³ (<i>defalcates/-steal from the war booty before it is distributed</i>); and whoever <i>yaghlul</i> (<i>defalcates/steals from the war booty before it is distributed</i>) <i>ya'atee</i> ([he] comes/ appears) by what <i>ghalla</i> ([he] defalcated/ stole from the war booty before it is distributed) The <i>Qeyamete</i> 's ^w (<i>Judgment's</i>) Day; afterwards (<i>to be</i>) fulfilled ²¹⁴ every self ^w what earned-she ^y and they (<i>are</i>) not <i>yodh'lamoona</i> ²¹⁵ (<i>to be wronged they</i> ^z).	وَمَا كَانَ لِنَبِيٍّ أَنْ يَغُلَّ وَمَنْ يَغْلُلْ يَأْتِ بِمَا غَلَّ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ ثُمَّ تُوَفَّى كُلُّ نَفْسٍ مَا كَسَبَتْ وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ﴿١٦١﴾
162. Does then who ^p [he] <i>ettaba'a</i> ²¹⁶ ([he] closely-followed) Allah's <i>redhwanon</i> (<i>ultimate-gratification</i>) like whom ^p <i>ba'a</i> ([he] deservedly incurred) by a discontent from Allah; and his abode (<i>is</i>) Hell ^w and wretched (<i>is</i>) the destiny.	أَفَمَنْ أَتَّبَعَ رِضْوَانَ اللَّهِ كَمَنْ بَاءَ بِسَخَطٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَمَأْوَاهُ جَهَنَّمُ وَيَتْسَى الْأَصْبِرَ ﴿١٦٢﴾
163. They (<i>are</i>) ranks ^w <i>ende</i> (<i>by munificence of/ by Rule of</i>) Allah; and Allah (<i>is</i>) <i>Ba'sseeron</i> (<i>keen: Seer/ comprehensive Knower of the facts and their ultimate consequences</i>) by what they ^z work.	هُمْ دَرَجَاتٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ بَصِيرٌ بِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ ﴿١٦٣﴾
164. <i>Laqad</i> (<i>verily, already and affirmatively</i>) <i>manna</i> ²¹⁷ ([He] graced His boon ^w) Allah on the believers <i>edh</i> (<i>when</i>) [He] missioned ²¹⁸ [in] them a messenger of them selves ^w ; recites [he] on them His <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (<i>Qur'anic statements</i>) and <i>youzakkekey</i> ²¹⁹ ([he] reforms the ill-creed of) them; and [he] teaches them The Book and the <i>hekmeta</i> ^{w220} (<i>wisdom</i>); and <i>en</i> (<i>albeit</i>) they ^z were of before surely in a misguidance manifester.	لَقَدْ مَنَّ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ إِذْ بَعَثَ فِيهِمْ رَسُولًا مِنْ أَنْفُسِهِمْ يَتْلُوا عَلَيْهِمْ آيَاتِهِ وَيُزَكِّيهِمْ وَيُعَلِّمُهُمُ الْكِتَابَ وَالْحِكْمَةَ وَإِنْ كَانُوا مِنْ قَبْلُ لَفِي ضَلَالٍ مُبِينٍ ﴿١٦٤﴾
165. Is [and] <i>lamma</i> (<i>when/ whence</i>) betided-she ^y you ^b a disaster ^w <i>qad</i> (<i>already and affirmatively</i>) betided you ^c (<i>on them</i>) twice like it ^w said you ^c : wherefrom ²²¹ (<i>is</i>) this ^x ; let-say [you ^s]: it ^x (<i>is</i>) from <i>ende</i> (<i>springing from</i>) your ⁿ selves ^w ; verily Allah over every thing (<i>is</i>) Omnipotent.	أَوَلَمْ أَصْطَبِكُمْ مُصِيبَةً قَدْ أَصَابَكُمْ مِثْلُهَا قُلْتُمْ إِنِّي هَذَا قُلْ هُوَ مِنْ عِنْدِ أَنْفُسِكُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٦٥﴾
166. And whatever betided you ^b day the <i>jam'aa'ne</i> (<i>the twain opponent: hosts/ multitudes</i>) met/ encountered so (<i>it's</i>) by Allah's leave; and to know ²²² [He] the believers.	وَمَا أَصَابَكُمْ يَوْمَ التَّفَقَى الْجَمْعَانِ فَبِإِذْنِ اللَّهِ وَلِيَعْلَمَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٦٦﴾
167. And to know [He] who ^t hypocrised they ^z and (<i>had been</i>) said to them: let-come you ^z mutually fight you ^z in Allah's path or you ^z defend/ garrison ²²³ ; said they ^z :	وَلِيَعْلَمَ الَّذِينَ نَافَقُوا وَقِيلَ لَهُمْ تَعَالَوْا قَاتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَوْ

²¹³ The word “يَغْلُ” the present tense of the word “غُلَّ”=“ghalla,” which has many meanings: (1) stool from the war booty before it is distributed; (2) forced penetration (such as nail into wood); (3) a thing taken and hidden in a personal pocket; (4) shackled the hands or the feet; (5) became stingy; (6) yield of the crop; (7) has rancor in his/her heart; (8) the camel did not have enough to drink; (9) extreme thirst; (10) heart burn.

²¹⁴ The word “تُوَفَّى” from “الوفاء” = “التمام,” meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! Thus, “تُوَفَّى” means had been endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation and fulfilled it!

²¹⁵ The word “wronged” has myriads of meanings, among them: curtails or diminishes, as in this *Ayah*!

²¹⁶ The word “closely” is used to intensify the word “follow,” as the Arabic is “اتَّبَعَ” not “اتبع”

²¹⁷ The word “مَنَّ” in “يَمُنُّ” means “نِعْمَةٌ يَنْعِمُهَا” That a “boon He graces it!”

²¹⁸ The word “بَعَثَ” in “ابْعَثْ” carries several meanings, among them: sent, missioned, resurrected, awaken, and prompted!

²¹⁹ The word “يُزَكِّيهِمْ” here means, and Allah is knower, [he] reforms the ill-creeds of them! See التفسير واللسان

²²⁰ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “hekma!”

²²¹ The word “أَتَى” is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom, when, how-so, where!

²²² It goes without saying of course Allah knows everything before it ever happens! But this knowledge is a “public” knowledge, so that no one denies all its facts, so that its recompense is and appears to be rightly due!

²²³ That is you garrison on the Muslims' side, enlarging our numbers in the sight of the enemy!

<p>if²²⁴ we know a fight surely (<i>would have</i>) <i>ettaba'a</i> (<i>closely-followed</i>) you^b we; they for the unbelief then-day nearer than they (<i>are</i>) for the belief; they^z say by their mouths what (<i>is</i>) not in their hearts; and Allah (<i>is</i>) knowinger by what they^z conceal.</p>	<p>أَدْفَعُوا قَالُوا لَوْ نَعْلَمُ قِتَالًا لَا تَبْعَنَكُمْ هُمْ لِلْكَفْرِ يَوْمِيذٍ أَقْرَبَ مِنْهُمْ لِلْإِيمَانِ يَقُولُونَ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ مَا لَيْسَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِمَا يَكْتُمُونَ ﴿٧٦﴾</p>
<p>168. Who^r said they^z for their brothers and sat: had they^z obeyed us (<i>they would have</i>) not (<i>had been</i>) killed they^z; let-say [<i>you</i>^s]: so let-avert <i>a'n</i> (<i>off</i>) yourⁿ selves^w the death <i>en</i>(<i>if</i>) you^c were <i>ssa'dequeena</i> (<i>always-truth-enforcers</i>).</p>	<p>الَّذِينَ قَالُوا لِأَخْوَانِهِمْ وَقَعَدُوا لَوْ أَطَاعُونَا مَا قُتِلُوا قُلْ فَادْرَأُوا عَنْ أَنْفُسِكُمُ الْمَوْتَ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿٧٧﴾</p>
<p>169. And let-not assuredly²²⁵ reckon [<i>you</i>^s] whom^r they^z (<i>had been</i>) killed in Allah's path (<i>are</i>) dead, rather (<i>they are</i>) <i>ahya'on</i>²²⁶ (<i>living/alive</i>) <i>enda</i> (<i>by munificence of/by Rule of</i>) their Lord (<i>being</i>) provided they^z.</p>	<p>وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ قُتِلُوا فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ أَمْوَاتًا بَلْ أَحْيَاءُ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ يُرْزَقُونَ ﴿٧٨﴾</p>
<p>170. Rejoicers they^z (<i>are</i>) by what <i>aa'tahum</i> (<i>accorded/-allotted them</i>) Allah of His munificence; and <i>yestabsheeroona</i>²²⁷ (<i>they^z seek pleasant tidings</i>) by whom^r not they^z joined by them from their behind; that not a fear (<i>is</i>) on them and neither they sadden.</p>	<p>فَرِحِينَ بِمَا آتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ وَيَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِالَّذِينَ لَمْ يَلْحَقُوا بِهِمْ مِنْ خَلْفِهِمْ أَلَّا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهِمْ وَلَا هُمْ يَحْزَنُونَ ﴿٧٩﴾</p>
<p>171. <i>Yestabsheeroona</i>²²⁸ (<i>they^z seek pleasant tidings</i>) by a boon^{w229} from Allah and a munificence; and verily Allah wastes not the believers' remuneration.</p>	<p>يَسْتَبْشِرُونَ بِنِعْمَةٍ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلٍ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يُضِيعُ أَجْرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿٨٠﴾</p>
<p>172. Who^r <i>estajabo</i>²³⁰ (<i>they^z favorably-answered</i>) for Allah and the messenger from after what betided them the ulcer for whom^r <i>ahasano</i> (<i>they^z rendered: rendered meritorious-deeds/says</i>) of them and <i>ettaqaw</i> (<i>they^z had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah</i>) (<i>is</i>) a great remuneration.</p>	<p>الَّذِينَ اسْتَجَابُوا لِلَّهِ وَالرَّسُولِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا أَصَابَهُمُ الْقَرْحُ لِلَّذِينَ أَحْسَنُوا مِنْهُمْ وَاتَّقُوا أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿٨١﴾</p>
<p>173. Who^r said for them the mankind: verily the mankind <i>qad</i> (<i>they already and affirmatively</i>) gathered for you^b (<i>to fight you^b</i>) so <i>ekhshaw</i> (<i>let-you^r reverently-fear</i>) them; then (<i>that</i>) increased them a belief; and said they^z: Allah (<i>is</i>) our sufficiency²³¹, and (<i>is</i>) <i>ne'ama</i> (<i>most excellent</i>) [<i>He</i>] The Custodian²³².</p>	<p>الَّذِينَ قَالَ لَهُمُ النَّاسُ إِنَّ النَّاسَ قَدْ جَمَعُوا لَكُمْ فَاخْشَوْهُمْ فَزَادَهُمْ إِيمَانًا وَقَالُوا حَسْبُنَا اللَّهُ وَنِعْمَ الْوَكِيلُ ﴿٨٢﴾</p>

²²⁴ See footnote 706 above regarding “الو”

²²⁵ The word “assuredly” here is used to *intensify* the word “count,” as the Arabic is “تحسين” *intensive*!

²²⁶ The word “أحياء” is *subjective, masculine, plural noun*! It means: *they who are alive*! The word “quicks” mean “أحياء,” as in the phrase “The quick and the dead,” see the updated *Merriam Webster's Dictionary*!

²²⁷ The word “استبشروا” means (a) he *sought the pleasant tidings*, or (b) *Rejoice or show*, by verbal, facial or bodily expressions gladness of pleasant tidings!

²²⁸ *Ibid*!

²²⁹ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ne'amah” (“boon”)!

²³⁰ The word “استجابوا” is *answered* plus *made available* what was *requested*, i.e. “favorably-answered”!

²³¹ The word حسب “في حسبنا” = “إِِنْ كَافَ لَكَ أَوْ كَافِيكَ مِنْ غَيْرِهِ، لِلوَاحِدِ وَالتَّثْنِيَةِ وَالْجَمْعِ لِأَنَّهُ مُصَدَّرٌ” = “في حسبنا” حسب = the *infinitive noun* of the verb, *making it standing for the strongest action of the verb*! See التاج!

²³² There is no *proper* conventionally *acceptable* English word for “وكيل,” meaning: (1) Allah, when preceded by the article “The,” i.e. *The Custodian*; (2) the custodian, the one that *has or takes or is given charge of some thing to care-take of*. The solicitor is a *legal representative, who really practices Law*, and generally *stays within its confines*, on behalf of some one; (3) the *deputy (political representative)* of some one who takes *full responsibility* on behalf of the one who deputizes; (4) the *keeper of the affairs of some one else*. So, perhaps “custodian,” is the *best to really depict* what the real sense of a “Wakeel” is or *should be*!

174. So they ^z transposed ²³³ by a boon ^{w234} from Allah and munificence; not touched them an ill and <i>ettaba'o</i> (closey. followed they ^z) Allah's <i>redhwanon</i> (ultimate-gratification) and Allah (<i>is</i>) possessor (<i>of</i>) munificence, great.	فَانْقَلَبُوا بِنِعْمَةٍ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَفَضْلٍ لَّمْ يَمَسَّسْهُمْ سُوءٌ وَاتَّبَعُوا رِضْوَانَ اللَّهِ وَاللَّهُ ذُو فَضْلٍ عَظِيمٍ ﴿١٧٤﴾
175. Verily only <i>tha'lekum</i> (collective-afar-that) the Satan frightens ²³⁵ his <i>aw'leya</i> ²³⁶ (guardians/allies); so let-not fear them you ^z and let-fear [Me] ²³⁷ you ^z <i>en (if)</i> you ^c were believers.	إِنَّمَا ذَلِكُمُ الشَّيْطَانُ يُخَوِّفُ أَوْلِيَآءَهُ فَلَا تَخَافُوهُمْ وَخَافُوا إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُّؤْمِنِينَ ﴿١٧٥﴾
176. And let-not sadden you ^g who ^r they ^z mutually ²³⁸ vie in the unbelief; verily they never harm Allah a thing; wants Allah that-not to make for them a fortune in the Hereafter ^w and for them (<i>is</i>) a great torment.	وَلَا يَحْزَنكَ الَّذِينَ يُسْرِعُونَ فِي الْكُفْرِ إِنَّهُمْ لَن يَضُرُّوا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ أَلَّا تَجْعَلَ لَهُمْ حِظًّا فِي الْآخِرَةِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٦﴾
177. Verily who ^r purchased they ^z the unbelief by the belief never they ^z harm Allah a thing; and for them (<i>is</i>) a painful torment.	إِنَّ الَّذِينَ اشْتَرُوا الْكُفْرَ بِالْإِيمَانِ لَن يَضُرُّوا اللَّهَ شَيْئًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿١٧٧﴾
178. And let-not assuredly ²³⁹ reckon who ^r unbelieved they ^z that only We protract for them <i>khayron</i> (choicer/ superior/ worthier) for their selves ^w ; verily what We protract for them to <i>yazdado</i> ²⁴⁰ (further-augment they ^z) sin; and for them (<i>is</i>) a humiliative torment.	وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا أَنَّمَا نُؤْمِلُ لَهُمْ خَيْرٌ لِّأَنفُسِهِمْ إِنَّمَا نُؤْمِلُ لَهُمْ لِيَزْدَادُوا إِثْمًا وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّهِينٌ ﴿١٧٨﴾
179. Not [was] Allah to let the believers on what you ^f (are) on [it ^x] (presently/ then) until [He] distinguishes ²⁴¹ the <i>khabeetha</i> ²⁴² (bad/ wicked/ ill-natured) from the good; and not [was] Allah to evince you ^b on the invisible; [and,] but Allah <i>yajta'bey</i> (directly and favorably-chooses) of His messengers whom ^p [He] wills; so let-believe you ^z by Allah and His messengers; and <i>en (if)</i> you ^z believe and <i>tattaqo</i> (you ^r reverentially guard not to displease Allah) then for you ^b (<i>is</i>) a great remuneration.	مَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَذَرَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ عَلَىٰ مَا أَنْتُمْ عَلَيْهِ حَتَّىٰ يَمِيزَ الْخَبِيثَ مِنَ الطَّيِّبِ وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُظِلَّكُمْ عَلَى الْغَيْبِ وَلَكِنَّ اللَّهَ سَجَتِي مِنْ رُّسُلِهِ مَنْ يَشَاءْ فَكَاْمِنُوا بِاللَّهِ وَرُسُلِهِ وَإِنْ تُؤْمِنُوا وَتَتَّقُوا فَلَكُمْ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ﴿١٧٩﴾
180. And let-not assuredly reckon who ^r they ^z stint by what <i>aa'tahum</i> (accorded/ allotted them) Allah of His munificence that (<i>it^s is</i>) <i>khayran</i> ^x (choicer/ superior/-	وَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَبْخُلُونَ بِمَا ءَاتَاهُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ هُوَ خَيْرًا

²³³ The word “انقلبوا”= “they^r transposed,” means they betook themselves returning!

²³⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for “ne'amah” (“boon”)!

²³⁵ The Arabic phrase “frightens *aw'leya'abo*” is made up of two words: (a) “frightens” and (b) “*aw'leya'abo*.” Part (a) means *he instills fear*, and part (b) means *his supporters*. Thus the Satan instills fears in his supporters, who were those that stayed behind and abstained from joining the “Jihad” with the Prophet (SAWS) and his companions. Or, some say, those who were *actively engaged in fighting the prophet and his companions*, such as Abu Sufyan at the time! Thus, such active fighters, against the Prophet and his companions, were *vainly trying to instill fear among some of the Prophet's companions*!

²³⁶ The word “اولياء” could also mean: friends, protectors!

²³⁷ The letter “ن” in “خافون,” by Arabic (*Linguistic*) Rule, is called “نون الوقاية او العماد، حيث لا يُستغنى عنها” which precedes the speaker's pronoun “ي” The speaker's pronoun “ي” in “خافون” is omitted, for “التخفيف” = “alleviation, lightening” or *Ayat's end harmony (rhyme)*! See *إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي*!

²³⁸ This is, and Allah knows best, in reference to the hypocrites who mutually hasten among themselves in renegading from Islam!

²³⁹ The word “assuredly” is used here to intensify the word “إحسين”

²⁴⁰ The word “تزداد” implies greater intensity, and التاج says it is “البلغ” So further is prefixed for this purpose!

²⁴¹ Such “distinguishing” is not for Allah's sake, because Allah already knows that! It is for public knowledge! That is so that all concerned as well as others will know on surety basis!

²⁴² The word *khabeetha*= wicked, and “natured” is an adjective, meaning: having the temperament of a specific kind!

worthier) for them, rather it^x (is) evil for them; (to be) affirmably collared they^z (by) what they^z stinted by [it^x] The *Qeyamatey's*^w (Judgment's) Day; and for Allah (is) the Heavens^w and the Earth's^w heritage/-inheritance; and Allah by what you^z work (is) Proficient.

هُمْ بَلْ هُوَ شَرٌّ لَهُمْ سَيُطَوَّقُونَ مَا نَحْلُوا بِهِ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ وَاللَّهُ مِيرِثُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ وَاللَّهُ بِمَا تَعْمَلُونَ خَبِيرٌ ﴿١٨٠﴾

181. *Laqad* (verily, already and affirmatively) heard Allah say (of) whom^r said they^z: verily Allah (is) indigent and we (are) rich; We shall write what said they^z; and their killing (of) the prophets by other than a right; and [We] say: let-taste you^z torment (of) the burning.

لَقَدْ سَمِعَ اللَّهُ قَوْلَ الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ فَقِيرٌ وَنَحْنُ أَغْنِيَاءُ سَنَكْتُبُ مَا قَالُوا وَقَتْلَهُمُ الْأَنْبِيَاءَ بِغَيْرِ حَقٍّ وَنَقُولُ ذُوقُوا عَذَابَ الْحَرِيقِ ﴿١٨١﴾

182. *Tha'leka* (afar-that-it)^x (is) by what advanced-she^y yourⁿ hands^w and verily Allah (is) surely not *dballamen*²⁴³ (iterative injustice-doer) for the *abee'de*²⁴⁴ (worshippers/submitters/slaves).

ذَلِكَ بِمَا قَدَّمْتَ أَيْدِيكُمْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ لَيْسَ بِظَلَامٍ لِلْعَبِيدِ ﴿١٨٢﴾

183. Who^r they^z said: verily Allah covenanted to us that not we believe for a messenger until *ya'ateena* ([he] produces/comes to us) by a sacrificial offering^x eats it^x the fire^w; let-say [your^s]: *qad* (already and affirmatively) came (to) you^b messengers of before me by the evidences^w and by which^x you^c said; so wherefore you^z killed them if you^c were *ssa'dequeena* (always truth enforcers).

الَّذِينَ قَالُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ عٰهَدَ إِلَيْنَا لَأَنْ نُرِيَنَّكَ لِرَسُولٍ حَتَّى يَأْتِيَنَا بِقُرْبَانٍ تَأْكُلُهُ النَّارُ قُلْ قَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ مِّن قَبْلِي بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ وَبِالَّذِي قُلْتُمْ فَلِمَ قَتَلْتُمُوهُمْ إِنَّكُمْ كُنْتُمْ صَادِقِينَ ﴿١٨٣﴾

184. So *en* (if) they^z denied you^g so *qad* (already and affirmatively) (had been) denied messengers of before you^g came they^z by the evidences^w and the *zobore*²⁴⁵ (writs of exhortations and admonitions) and the book, the illuminator.

فَإِنْ كَذَّبُوكَ فَقَدْ كُذِّبَ رَسُولٌ مِّن قَبْلِكَ جَاءُوا بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ وَالزُّبُرِ وَالْكِتَابِ الْمُنِيرِ ﴿١٨٤﴾

185. Everyself^w (is) a taster^w (of) the death; and verily only (you^r shall be) fulfilled²⁴⁶ yourⁿ remunerations The *Qeyamatey's*^w (Judgment's) Day; so whoever [he] (had been) budged-a'n (off) The Fire^w and [he] (had been) admitted (into) the Paradise^w then *qad* (already and affirmatively) [he] won; and not the life^w (of) the world^w except a *mata'ao*²⁴⁷ (resource of a transitory worldly delights) (of) the beguilement.

كُلُّ نَفْسٍ ذَاقَةُ الْمَوْتِ وَإِنَّمَا تُوَفَّوْنَ أَجُورَكُمْ يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ فَمَن زُحِرَ عَنِ النَّارِ وَأُدْخِلَ الْجَنَّةَ فَقَدْ فَازَ وَمَا الْحَيَاةُ الدُّنْيَا إِلَّا مَتَاعُ الْغُرُورِ ﴿١٨٥﴾

186. Surely (shall be) assuredly²⁴⁸ essayed you^z in yourⁿ possessions and yourⁿ selves^w; and surely assuredly (shall) hear you^z from whom^r *oto* (they^z had been accorded-/allotted) the book of before you^b and from whom^r they^z partnered (deities with Allah) much annoyance;

لَتَبْلُوتُنَّ فِي أَمْوَالِكُمْ وَأَنْفُسِكُمْ وَلَتَسْمَعُنَّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ مِن قَبْلِكُمْ وَمِنَ الَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُوا

²⁴³ The word *dballamen* = "ظلام" means iterative injustice-doer. The negation of multitudinous injustice-doing is conclusively implies that even a once injustice-doing will not avail or befit Allah! That is because the injustice-doing to a party benefits the injustice-doer. That is to say the injustice-doer does his injustice to someone in order to benefit one's self. Hence, the multitudinous injustice-doing benefits a lot more! Therefore, negating the bigger benefits automatically negates the smaller one! Clearly Allah is exalted and is beyond any need. So He does not wrong at all!

²⁴⁴ The word "عبيد" = "slaves, worshippers, submitters" means all Allah's creatures of humans or Jinn! So, if they are His "عبيد," then no one else "owns" them, hence they are all free from any human bondage!

²⁴⁵ The word "الزبر" = "الكتب" that is writes! For "الزبر" = "الكتب," see التاج!

²⁴⁶ The word "توفى" in "توفون" from "الوفاء," = "التمام," meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a whole! So, "توفى" means to be endeavored and gathered the last part of an obligation and fulfilled it!

²⁴⁷ See Lexicon attached to this Translation or footnote 21 above for "متاع" = "mata'a"

²⁴⁸ The "ل" in "لتبْلُوتُنَّ" and in "لتسْمَعُنَّ" all are juratory "ل" = "القسم" amounting to = "التأكيد," i.e. affirmation, expressed in both cases by "assuredly"!

and *en (if) tassbero (you^r hold on patiently)* and *tattaqo (you^r reverentially guard not to displease Allah)* then verily *tha'leka (that is)* of the matters' resolve.

187. Andedh(when) took Allah *meethaqa*²⁴⁹ (ratified-covenant)^x whom^r *oto (they^z had been accorded/allotted)* the book^x surely assuredly²⁵⁰ manifest it^x you^z for the mankind and let-not you^z conceal it^x; then *nabatha (slightingly-forsook)* it^x they^z beyond²⁵¹ their backs and they^z purchased by it^x a little price; so wretched what they^z purchase.

188. Let-not [you^r] assuredly reckon whom^r they^z exult/-rejoice by what they^z *atan*²⁵² (come-out) and they^z love that they^z (are/ be) praised by what they^z not (have/ had) done, so let-not assuredly [you^r] reckon them by a *mafaza'ten*²⁵³ (rescue-achievement) of the torment; and for them (is) a painful torment.

189. And for Allah (is) the Heavens^w and the Earth's^w proprietorship; and Allah over every thing (is) Omnipotent.

190. Verily in the Heavens^w and the Earth's^w creation and varying of the day and the night, (are) surely *Aya'ten*^w (signs/ proofs) for the *albab's*²⁵⁴ (hearts-intellects)'s possessors.

191. Who^r they^z remember Allah (manneristically)²⁵⁵ standing and sitting and on their sides and they^z rethink in the Heavens^w and the Earth's^w creation: (O), our Lord [You^r] created this^x not falsely *subhana*²⁵⁶ (hallowedly and marvelously we deem You^r transcending all defects and we solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of) You^r so let-preclude us [You^r] from The Fire's^w torment.

192. (O), our Lord, verily You^r whom^p [You^r] admit (in) The Fire^w then *qad (already and affirmatively)* disgraced him [You^r] and not for the *dha'lemeena*²⁵⁷ (injustice-doers) (are) of succorers.

أَذَى كَثِيرًا وَإِنْ تَصَبَّرُوا وَتَتَّقُوا
فَإِنَّ ذَلِكَ مِنْ عَزْمِ الْأُمُورِ ﴿١٨٧﴾

وَإِذْ أَخَذَ اللَّهُ مِيثَاقَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا
الْكِتَابَ لَتُبَيِّنَنَّهُ لِلنَّاسِ وَلَا
تَكْتُمُونَهُ فَنَبَذُوهُ وَرَاءَ ظُهُورِهِمْ
وَاشْتَرَوْا بِهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا فَبُغِضَ مَا
يَشْتَرُونَ ﴿١٨٨﴾

لَا تَحْسَبَنَّ الَّذِينَ يَفْرَحُونَ بِمَا
آتَوْا وَتُحِبُّونَ أَنْ تَحْمَدُوا بِمَا لَمْ
يَفْعَلُوا فَلَا تَحْسَبَنَّهُمْ بِمَفَازَةٍ مِنَ
الْعَذَابِ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ﴿١٨٩﴾

وَلِلَّهِ مُلْكُ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ
وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿١٩٠﴾

إِنَّ فِي خَلْقِ السَّمَوَاتِ
وَالْأَرْضِ وَاخْتِلَافِ اللَّيْلِ وَالنَّهَارِ
لَآيَاتٍ لِّأُولِي الْأَلْبَابِ ﴿١٩١﴾

الَّذِينَ يَذْكُرُونَ اللَّهَ قِيَمًا وَقُعُودًا
وَعَلَى جُنُوبِهِمْ وَيَتَفَكَّرُونَ فِي
خَلْقِ السَّمَوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ رَبَّنَا مَا
خَلَقْتَ هَذَا بَطْلًا سُبْحَنَكَ
فَقِنَا عَذَابَ النَّارِ ﴿١٩٢﴾

رَبَّنَا إِنَّكَ مَنْ تَدْخُلُ النَّارَ فَقَدْ
أُخْزِيتُهُ وَمَا لِلظَّالِمِينَ مِنْ أَنْصَارٍ ﴿١٩٣﴾

²⁴⁹ The word "ميثاق" = "assured covenant" and "عهد" = covenant. See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation!

²⁵⁰ See footnote 848 above only here in respect to "لتبينه"

²⁵¹ The word "وراء" means: (1) "يُذَوِّبُونَ وَرَاءَهُمُ الْآخِرَةَ" مثلاً: "وَيَذَرُونَ وَرَاءَهُمُ الْآخِرَةَ" (2) "القدام أو بعد الخلف للأمر العظيم الذي لا يُقَدَّرُ عليه، مثلاً: "وَيَذَرُونَ وَرَاءَهُمُ الْآخِرَةَ" (3) "ولد الولد". So, here *beyond (not behind/back/rear)*! So *beyond* in its sense of *above reach of knowledge or experience*!

²⁵² The word "أتوا" = "come out" = "become known," because they (*the hypocrites or those who love to be praised for what they did not do*), they "come out" with their happy announcements, after the Prophet (SAWS) went out in the *Jihad* with his companions, that they thought they deceived the Prophet (SAWS) by not going with him and for that they like to be praised because they "*justified*" to the Prophet (SAWS) their stay behind!

²⁵³ The word "مفازة" = "منجاة" meaning rescue-achievement! For the meaning of "مفازة" = "منجاة" see التاج!

²⁵⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for The Qur'an's characterizations of "ذو الأبواب" = the *albab's* possessors!

²⁵⁵ *Manneristically* is needed to adjust for a lack of adverbs (حال) or absolute objective nouns (مفعول مطلق), as required by the Arabic text for "standing" and "sitting," as presently there is no such thing as "standingly" or "sittingly," in English!

²⁵⁶ The word "*subhanaka*" = "سبحانك" has no English equivalent! Wherever this word, or its grammatical inflections (such as "سبحان" or "سبحانه") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects He, and all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him, deserving the utmost solemn consecration of His divine stupendous uniqueness! So, we can render "*subhanaka*" = "سبحانك" concept by saying: hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects He, and all solemnly stand in awe and utmost consecration of Allah!

²⁵⁷ The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice!"

193. (O), our Lord verily we heard a caller calling for the belief that: let-believe you^z by yourⁿ Lord; so we believed; (O), our Lord so let-forgive [Your^s] for us our offenses and let-expiate [Your^s] a'n (off) us our sayye'aa'te^w (demeritorious-deeds)^w and tawaffana (let-Your^s receive us while dying) with the abra're²⁵⁸ (dutiful-people).

194. (O), our Lord and aa'tena (let-accord/ allot us [Your^s]) what [Your^s] promised us over/on Your^t messengers; and let-not disgrace us [Your^s] The Qeyamatey's^w (Judgment's) Day; verily You^g not unfulfill the appointment.

195. So estajaba²⁵⁹ (favorably-answered) for them their Lord; surely I waste not a work of a worker of you^b [of] a male or a female some (of) you^b of some; so who^f emigrated they^z or (had been) driven they^z from their homes^w and (had been) annoyed they^z in My path and mutually fought they^z and (had been) killed they^z, surely [I] (shall) assuredly²⁶⁰ expiate a'n (off) them their sayye'aa'te^w (demeritorious-deeds)^w; and verily [I] assuredly (shall) admit them (into) gardens^w run^w from under it^w the rivers, a reward from ende (by munificence of/ by Rule of) Allah; and Allah has husno²⁶¹ (ultimately meritorious-beautiful) (of) [the] reward²⁶².

196. Let-not assuredly deceive you^g taqallobo (iterative transpose) whom^f unbelieved they^z in the bela'de^w (region/ country/ community)^w.

197. A little mata'aon²⁶³ (resource of a transitory worldly delight); afterwards their abode/lodging (is) Hell^w and wretched (is) the meha'de (bed/ cradle/ place of abode).

198. But whom^f ettaqaw (they^z had reverentially guarded not to displease Allah) their Lord for them (are) paradises^w /gardens^w run^w from under it^w the rivers, immortals they^z (are) in it^w nozolan²⁶⁴ (hospitality-abode) from ende (by munificence of/ y Rule of) Allah; and what Allah has (is) khayron (choicer/ worthier) for the Abra're (dutiful-people).

199. And verily of the book's folks surely who^p [he] believes by Allah and what (had been) descended to you^b and what (had been) descended to them kha'she'eena²⁶⁵

رَبَّنَا إِنَّا سَمِعْنَا مُنَادِيًا يُنَادِي
لِلْإِيمَنِ أَنْ ءَامِنُوا بِرَبِّكُمْ فَآمَنَّا
رَبَّنَا فَغْفِرْ لَنَا ذُنُوبَنَا وَكَفِّرْ عَنَّا
سَيِّئَاتِنَا وَتَوَفَّنَا مَعَ الْأَبْرَارِ ﴿١٩٣﴾

رَبَّنَا وَءَاتِنَا مَا وَعَدْتَنَا عَلَى
رِسْلِكَ وَلَا تَحْزِنَا يَوْمَ الْقِيَمَةِ
إِنَّكَ لَا تَخْلِفُ الْمِيعَادَ ﴿١٩٤﴾

فَاسْتَجَابَ لَهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ أَنِّي لَا
أَضِيعُ عَمَلَ عَمِلٍ مِّنْكُمْ مِّنْ ذَكَرٍ
أَوْ أَنتِ بَعْضُكُم مِّنْ بَعْضٍ
فَالَّذِينَ هَاجَرُوا وَأُخْرِجُوا مِنْ
دِيَارِهِمْ وَأُودُوا فِي سَبِيلِي وَقَتَلُوا
وَقُتِلُوا لَا كُفِّرَنَّ عَنْهُمْ سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ
وَلَا أُدْخِلَنَّهُمْ جَنَّتٍ تَجْرَى مِنْ
تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ ثَوَابًا مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
وَاللَّهُ عِنْدَهُ حُسْنُ الثَّوَابِ ﴿١٩٥﴾

لَا يَغُرُّكَ تَقَلُّبُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا فِي
الْبَلَدِ ﴿١٩٦﴾

مَتَاعٌ قَلِيلٌ ثُمَّ مَأْوَاهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ
وَبِئْسَ الْمِهَادُ ﴿١٩٧﴾

لَكِنَّ الَّذِينَ اتَّقَوْا رَبَّهُمْ لَهُمْ
جَنَّتٌ تَجْرَى مِنْ تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَارُ
خَالِدِينَ فِيهَا تِلْكَ نَزْلًا مِّنْ عِنْدِ اللَّهِ
وَمَا عِنْدَ اللَّهِ خَيْرٌ لِلْأَبْرَارِ ﴿١٩٨﴾

وَإِنَّ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْكِتَابِ لَمَنْ
يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَمَا أُنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمْ وَمَا

²⁵⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this Translation for full elaboration on this great word.

²⁵⁹ The word “استجاب” is answered plus made available what was requested, i.e. “favorably answered”

²⁶⁰ The “ل” in “لَاكْفِرَنَّ” and in “لَاُدْخِلَنَّ” are juratory “ل” = “القسم” amounting to = “التأكيد”, i.e. affirmation, expressed in both cases by “assuredly”!

²⁶¹ Some linguists suggest that الحسن is for the face while الجمال is for the parts of the body and other things! See الهادي

²⁶² The beauty reward is either Allah's pleasure or the Paradise or both!

²⁶³ See footnote 21 above regarding “mata'a”

²⁶⁴ The word “نزلًا” has several meanings: (1) hospitality, (2) hospitality needs and trappings for guests, (3) the guest-resident/abode, (4) residence itself, (5) pension place, (6) travelers' lodging place, (7) the yield of a cultivated land!

²⁶⁵ The word “خاشعين” = khasha'een, is plural, masculine, subjective noun, with no English equivalent available for it per se! The word “خشوع” in “خاشعين” = khasha'een involves more than just “humbleness” or “submission” as that suggests bodily or attitudinal behavior! However, “خشوع” denotes submission or subduing of sight and sound as well! So “الخاشعين” are those who had totally subdued their body, sight and sound! Also some time “الخاشعين” = they who bow in the Prayer! See البصائر and اللسان!

(they who: totally subdued their body, sight, sound and bow in the Prayer) (are) for Allah not they^z purchase²⁶⁶ by Allah's *Aya'te*^w (messages/statements) a little price; those for them (is) their remuneration *enda* (by munificence of Rule of) their Lord; verily Allah (is) swift (in) the accounting.

200. O you, who^t they^z believed *esshero* (let-hold on you[~] patiently) and *ssa'bero* (let-best you[~] your foes in patience) and *ra'betto* (let-be mutually stationed you and ever ready for contingencies for Allah's cause, let-await you[~] the Prayer) and *ettaqo* (let-reverentially guard you[~] not to displease) Allah *la'alla* (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) you^b prosper you^z.

أَنْزَلَ إِلَيْهِمْ خَشَعِينَ لِلَّهِ لَا
يَشْتَرُونَ بِعَايِنَتِ اللَّهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمْ أَجْرُهُمْ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ
إِنَّ اللَّهَ سَرِيعُ الْحِسَابِ ﴿٢٠٠﴾
يَتَأَيَّهَا الَّذِينَ ءَامَنُوا أَصْبِرُوا
وَصَابِرُوا وَرَابِطُوا وَاتَّقُوا اللَّهَ
لَعَلَّكُمْ تُفْلِحُونَ ﴿٢٠١﴾

²⁶⁶ This is in contrast to some people of the book, some rabbis for example, who uses Allah's *Ayat* to take little price, i.e. they exchange the *Ayat* for a paltry of money!